Updated analysis of abundance and population structure of seasonal gray whales in the Pacific Northwest, 1996-2017

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Abstract

We update the results of a 22-year (1996-2017) collaborative study examining the abundance and the population structure of these animals conducted over a number of regions from Northern California to British Columbia using photographic identification. Some 22,847 identifications representing 1,944 unique gray whales were obtained during 1996-2017 from Southern California to Alaska. Gray whales seen from 1 June - 30 Nov (after the northward and before southward migrations) were more likely to be seen repeatedly and in multiple regions and years; therefore only whales seen during those data were included in the abundance estimates. Gray whales using the Pacific Northwest in summer and fall include two groups: 1) whales that return frequently and account for the majority of the sightings and 2) transients seen in only one year, generally for shorter periods and in more limited areas. A time series of abundance estimates of the non-transient whales for 1996-2017 was constructed for the region from N. California (NCA) to N. Vancouver Island (NBC). The most recent estimate for 2017 was 232 whales (se=25.2). The estimated abundance increased in the late 1990s and early 2000s during the period when the eastern North Pacific gray whale population was experiencing a high mortality event and this created an apparent influx of whales into the area. The earlier estimates for 1996-1997 are biased low because the survey coverage area was much smaller but those data were included to improve estimates later in the time series. This report updates our estimates in previous similar reports using data from two new years (2016 and 2017). The abundance estimates since the early 2000s were relatively stable but increased from 2010 to 2015 before decreasing slightly in 2016.

1 Introduction

Beginning in 1996, a collaborative effort among a number of research groups was initiated to conduct a range-wide photographic identification study of gray whales in the Pacific Northwest (Calambokidis et al. 2000, 2002b). An initial publication of findings from 1998 demonstrated there was considerable movement of individual whales among sub-areas from northern California to southeastern Alaska (which we broadly refer to as the Pacific Northwest) and also provided initial estimates of the abundance of whales within that geographical area (Calambokidis et al. 2002a). The ability to look at movements and employ more

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sophisticated capture-recapture models, however, was restricted by the lack of multiple years of data with broad geographic coverage. A subsequent report by Calambokidis et al. (2004) characterized the group of whales feeding in these survey areas during the summer-fall period as a "Pacific Coast Feeding Aggregation" (PCFA). They proposed that a smaller area within the PCFA survey areas – from Oregon to Southern Vancouver Island (OR-SVI) – was the most appropriate area for abundance estimation for managing a Makah gray whale hunt (Calambokidis et al. 2004). Subsequently the IWC has adopted the term PCFG for Pacific Coast Feeding group so we will use PCFG in place of PCFA.

This report updates information incorporating identifications from 2016 and 2017 from a collaborative effort to collect photographic identifications of gray whales from California to Alaska has continued since 1996 and these data now cover 22 years (1996-2017) and span fifteen survey regions along the coast from Southern California to Kodiak, Alaska (Figure 1). We provide estimates of abundance for the summer-fall seasons (1 June to 30 November) during 1996–2017 for survey regions between Northern California and Northern British Columbia (NCA-NBC), the region chosen by the IWC to represent the PCFG. For the National Marine Fisheries Service development of an Environmental Impact Statement, we also provide estimates for the smaller regions between Oregon and Southern Vancouver Island (OR-SVI) and Makah Usual and Accustomed area (MUA) which includes the outer coastal area of the Olympic Peninsula (NWA) and the Strait of Juan de Fuca (SJF), even though this area is quite small relative to the observed movements of whales within the PCFG.

2 Methods

Gray whales were photographed during small boat surveys conducted from California to Alaska by collaborating researchers (Table 1) between 1996 and 2017. Gray whale identifications were divided into the following regions (Figure 1): 1) SCA: Southern California, 2) CCA: Central California, 3) NCA: Northern California, 4) SOR: Southern Oregon, 5) OR: central Oregon, 6) GH+: Gray's Harbor and the surrounding coastal waters, 7) NWA: Northern Washington coast, 8) SJF: Strait of Juan de Fuca, 9) NPS: Northern Puget Sound, 10) PS: which includes southern Puget Sound, Hood Canal (HC), Boundary Bay (BB) and San Juan Islands (SJ), 11) SVI: Southern Vancouver Island, 12) WVI: West Vancouver Island, 13) NBC: Northern Vancouver Island and coastal areas of British Columbia, 14) SEAK: Southeast Alaska, and 15) KAK: Kodiak, Alaska. With some exceptions, research groups work primarily in one or two regions. Details of identifications obtained by the different research groups are are summarized in Tables 1-2.

2.1 Photographic Identification Procedures

Procedures during surveys by different research groups varied somewhat but were similar to one another in identification procedures. When a gray whale was sighted, the time, position, number of animals, and behaviors were recorded. Whales were generally approached to within 40-100 m and followed through several dive sequences until suitable identification photographs and associated field notes could be obtained.

For photographic identification of gray whales, both left and right sides of the dorsal region around the dorsal hump were photographed when possible. Most identification photographs were obtained with were obtained with 35mm cameras prior to 2004 and primarily with digital SLR after 2004 with both camera types paired with a telephoto lens (generally 200-300 mm). Researchers also photographed the ventral surface of the flukes for further identification when possible. The latter method was not as reliable since gray whales did not always raise their flukes out of the water. Markings used to distinguish whales included pigmentation of the skin, mottling, and scarring, which varied among individuals. These markings have provided a reliable means of identifying gray whales (Darling 1984). We also identified gray whales using the relative spacing between the knuckles along the ridge of the back behind the dorsal hump. The size and spacing of these bumps varies among whales and has not changed throughout the years these whales have been tracked, except with injury. Figure 2 shows typical photographs and features used in making gray whale identifications.

Comparisons of whale photographs were made in a series of steps. All photographs of gray whales were examined and the best photograph of the right and left sides of each whale (for each sighting) were selected. Identification photographs were initially compared within year to identify resightings and compared to the CRC catalog of whales seen in past years. Whale photographs that were deemed of suitable quality but did not match our existing catalog (compared by two independent persons) were considered "unique" identifications and assigned a new identification number and added to the catalog.

2.2   Data Analysis

The abundance of gray whales was estimated with open population models for three nested spatial scales consisting of contiguous survey regions (Figure 1; Table 3) 1) NCA-NBC: the coastal survey regions from Northern California (NCA) through Northern Vancouver Island/British Columbia (NBC) which matches the IWC definition of the PCFG, 2) OR-SVI: survey regions from southern Oregon through Southern Vancouver Island (SVI) identified in the Makah waiver request, and 3) MUA - survey regions NWA and SJF. Inland waters in WA (other than SJF) and in BC are excluded from the abundance estimates because these are used primarily by transient whales in the northward spring migration.

Gray whales photographed and identified anytime during the period between 1 June and 30 November (hereafter referred to as the "sampling period") within the defined region were considered to be "captured" or "recaptured". For each unique gray whale photographed, a capture history was constructed using 22 years of data from 1996-2017. For example, the capture history 0001001001000000000000 could represent a gray whale photographed in 1999, 2002 and 2005 in the PCFG. The same gray whale may have had a capture history 0001001000000000000000 for a smaller spatial scale such as OR-SVI or may not have been seen at all (0000000000000000000000) and would not be used at the smaller spatial scale.

Multiple "detections" of a single whale within the sampling period were not treated differently than a single detection. A "1" in the capture history meant that it was detected on at least one day during the sampling period. However, multiple detections in the same year were used to construct an observed minimum tenure (MT) for each whale. MT was

defined as the number of days between the earliest and latest date the whale was photographed with a minimum of one day for any whale seen.

We fitted open population models to the 22 yearly time series of capture history data for each spatial scale to estimate abundance and survival. Open models allow gains due to births/immigration and losses due to deaths/emigration. Using the RMark interface (Laake 2013) to program MARK (White and Burnham 1999), we fitted a range of models to the data using the POPAN model structure. The POPAN model structure (Schwarz and Arnason 1996) provides a robust parametrization of the Jolly-Seber (JS) model structure in terms of a super population size (N), probability of entry parameters (immigration), capture probability (p), and survival/permanent emigration (φ).

It is essential to consider the population structure and its dynamics to build adequate models. In particular, we know from previous analysis of a subset of these data (Calambokidis et al. 2004) that some whales were seen in only one year between 1 June and 30 November and were never seen again. Transient behavior is a well-known problem in capture-recapture models and it is often addressed using a robust design which involves coordinated multiple capture occasions within each year and typically assumes closure within the sampling period (June-November). Region-wide coordinated surveys may be possible but would be difficult with variation in weather conditions. Also, the closure assumption within the year would be suspect due to variable timing of whales arrivals and departures into the PCFG, so it would require nested open models. We know from prior analysis that whales newly seen in year (y) were less likely to return (i.e., seen at some year >y) than previously seen whales but also newly seen whales that stayed longer during their first year (i.e., longer MT) in the PCFG were more likely to return. Likewise, previously seen whales were more likely to be seen in the following year (y+1), if they had a longer MT in year y. Calambokidis et al. (2004) postulated that these observations were consistent with whale behavior that was determined by foraging success.

Transient behavior in which an animal is seen only once can be modeled by including a different "first year" survival (Pradel et al. 1997) for the newly seen animals. Survival in the time interval after being first seen is dominated by permanent emigration rather than true mortality. Survival in subsequent time intervals represents true survival under the assumption that animals do not permanently emigrate except in their first year. Pradel et al. (1997) were working with release-recapture data (Cormack-Jolly-Seber) where modeling this transient effect on survival is straightforward. For a Jolly-Seber type analysis where the first capture event is also modeled, the inclusion of a transient effect is less easily accommodated.

We divided the whales into cohorts based on the year in which they were first seen ("newly seen"). In the model, their first year survival could differ from subsequent annual survival as in Pradel et al. (1997). "Newly seen" is not a particularly useful concept for the first year of the study (1996), because all whales were being seen for the first time. The survey effort and coverage in 1996 and 1997 were not nearly as expansive as 1998 and later. We considered models that had three different first year survivals (1996&97, 1998, and >1998) and we also considered a model that allowed for a different first year survival for each year (cohort) to allow for different transient proportion in each year. The first year survival was also allowed to vary as a function of MT with a model in which the relationship was constant across years and varied for (1996&97, 1998, and >1998). We also considered mod-

els that allowed a different first-year survival for whales identified as calves under the presumption that their true survival might be lower but that their probability of returning to the PCFG might be higher. Discussion at the 2012 intersessional AWMP meeting led to consideration of an additional covariate which split whales into 2 groups for estimation of post-first-year survival. Whales seen initially as calves and any whale newly seen in 1998 or was in the CRC catalog because it had been seen prior to 1998 were put in one group and the remaining whales newly seen in 1999 or later were put in another group. The expectation was that the first group would have higher post-first-year survival because many of the newly seen whales that entered after the stranding event in 1999/2000 might eventually emigrate. When this covariate was included it made such a large improvement that any model without it would have no support. Therefore, it was included in all 10 models for survival (Table 4).

In Calambokidis et al. (2010) we estimated a cohort-specific super-population size for each cohort using the median MT covariate value for unseen whales but during the April 2011 AWMP meeting it became apparent that this may lead to bias in estimating abundance. Therefore, we used the method outlined in the 2011 AWMP report which is similar to the method used by Calambokidis et al. (2004) in that we assume that all whales in the PCFG for the first year are seen so the super-population size for each cohort is the number seen and thus there are no unknown covariate values. We fixed capture probability (p) and probability of entry (pent) to 1 for each cohort in their entry year. We are not interested in the number of transient whales so we used an estimator of abundance for non-transient whales (2011 AWMP report) which is a modification of the Jolly-Seber estimator which for any year can be expressed as:

$$\hat{N} = n/\hat{p} = (u + m)/\hat{p}$$

where $n = u + m$, n is the number seen in a year being composed of new animals (u=unmarked) and previously seen animals (m=marked), and $\hat{p}$ is the capture probability estimate. For the PCFG we are assuming that any new whale is sighted ($p = 1$) and we are only interested in estimating the abundance of whales that will remain part of the PCFG which is the portion of the new whales that do not permanently emigrate from the PCFG. We can modify the estimator for year j as follows:

$$\hat{N}_j = u_j\hat{\phi}_j + m_j/\hat{p}_j$$

where ϕ_j is the first year survival rate of "new" whales. When ϕ and p contain whale specific covariates like minimum tenure (MT) the estimator becomes:

$$\hat{N}_j = \sum_{i=1}^{u_j} \hat{\phi}_{ij} + \sum_{i=1}^{m_j} 1/\hat{p}_{ij}.$$

To obtain an abundance estimate for 2017, we assumed that the parameter for first year survival intercept in that year was the same as in 2016. A variance-covariance matrix for the abundance estimates was constructed using the variance estimator in Borchers et al. (1998) for a Horvitz-Thompson type estimator with an adaptation for the first component of the abundance estimator for prediction of number of new whales that do not permanently emigrate. For the estimated capture probabilities (p) not fixed to 1, we fitted 3 models that varied by time (year) and/or varied by MT in the previous year (Table 4).

We used Test 2 and Test 3 results from the Cormack-Jolly-Seber structure (Lebreton et al. 1992) as a general goodness of fit for the global model and as a measure of possible over-dispersion creating the lack of fit. We fitted each combination of models for S (survival) and p (capture probability) and used AICc (Burnham and Anderson 2002) to select the most parsimonious model of the 30 fitted models. Model averaging was used for all models to compute estimates and unconditional standard errors and confidence intervals.

3   Results

The database contains 27,692 records for whales photographed between 1996 to 2017 from California to Kodiak, Alaska; however 4,845 are replicate identifications of whales on the same day. We define a sighting as one or more photographs of a whale on a day. The number of sightings varied annually from 131 to 1,960 with a total of 22,847 sightings of 1,944 unique gray whales (Table 1). The average number of sightings/whale was 11.8 (range: 1- 347). Identifications were made throughout the year but with most effort from June to September. Number of sightings were most numerous in NCA, SVI, WVI, and NBC (Table 2). The number of uniquely identified whales was greatest in NCA, NWA, SVI and WVI (Table 2).

3.1   Seasonal Sighting Patterns

Whales have been photographed in every month of the year (Table 5) but with very few during December-February when most of the whales are in or migrating to Mexico and survey effort is reduced. Previous analysis of these data have always used 1 June - 30 November as the sampling period to describe the whales in the PCFG because whales seen prior to 1 June and after 30 November are more likely to be whales that are migrating through the region. The southbound migration starts in December and the separation between May and June is clearly supported by the data. For example, of the 1,944 unique whales sighted from California to Kodiak, Alaska, 930 whales were only seen between 1 Dec - 31 May and 88.1% of those were only sighted once (one day). Of the 1,014 whales sighted between 1 June - 30 November at some time, 38.3% were only sighted once (one day). If sightings in Alaska are excluded, then only 31.4% of the 875 were seen only once (one day).

The break between May and June is apparent in various measures such as proportion of whales sighted more than once, sighted in more than one region, and sighted in more than one year (Figure 3). However, the break is more apparent if we separate out SJF, NPS and SVI from the other survey regions (Figure 4). The difference across months is not as strong for inland waters of Washington and British Columbia (NPS, SJF) because these are whales that have diverted from the migration and are either more likely to remain after 1 June or demonstrate high year-to-year fidelity during spring such as with NPS. Also, even though Southern Vancouver Island (SVI) is in the main migration corridor and not an inland water, the pattern across months is also weaker because the sampling has been focused on the spring herring spawn in Barkley Sound (effectively an inland waterway) and has purposefully undersampled passing migrant whales (Brian Gisborne, pers. comm.).

The break between May and June is much more apparent for NWA and the other areas in the migration corridor which is consistent with the northbound migration of gray whales proceeding past Washington through May. Resighting rates of whales seen after 1 June remained high through November.

The proposed Makah gray whale hunt in the MUA area (NWA and SJF) may occur in NWA after 30 November and prior to 1 June. A hunt conducted in spring (March-May) potentially could take whales from the PCFG although those chances are less in NWA than in SJF. There have been 359 whale sightings (a unique whale-day) in NWA prior to 1 June of which 27.3% (98) were of whales that were seen in the PCFG after 1 June at sometime. If we restrict the comparison to whales seen in at least 2 years in the PCFG, then the percentage is only reduced to 25.1% (90). If we restrict the area, only 26.2% (94) were of whales that were seen in OR-SVI after 1 June at some time, and 23.4% (84) were of whales that were seen in MUA after 1 June at some time. In comparison, 99 whale sightings were in SJF prior to 1 June of which 60% (55) were of whales that were seen in the PCFG after 1 June at sometime, emphasizing the importance of restricting a hunt to coastal waters of the MUA (i.e., the NWA) to limit the take of whales from the PCFG. Figure 5 shows the distribution of the proportion of the unique whales seen in NWA during spring in each area during the PCFG period (1 June - November) in any year.

Capture (sighting) histories of whales seen at least once in the PCFG from 1 June - 30 November are provided in Appendix Table 1 which show sightings of whales in 1 Mar -31 May only, 1 June - 30 Nov only and in both time periods within a year.

3.2   Regional Sighting Patterns

There is considerable variation in the annual regional distribution of numbers of whales photographed during the sampling period (Table 6) which is in part due to variation in effort. Although not a true measure of effort, the number of days whales were seen (Table 7) does reflect the amount of effort as well as abundance of whales. In particular, in comparison to other regions, the large number of sightings in SVI partly reflects large numbers of sampling days by Brian Gisborne who has routinely sampled SVI from summer through fall on almost a daily basis through 2015; in 2016 and 2017 the trips were more intermittent and less frequent due to the end of his regular water taxi service (Table 1). On the other hand, the decline in sightings in SVI during 2007 was not due to reduced effort but to the distribution of whales with many of the whales having moved to waters off Oregon and Washington (Calambokidis et al. 2009b). The changes in whale numbers in SVI declined dramatically for 2015 to 2017 (Table 6, Table 7), in 2015 due to reduced whales in this area and in 2016 and 2017 by the combination of reduced effort and whales. Similarly, there were 40 survey days in SJF in 2010 but only 4 whales were seen on 4 different days (Table 6, Table 7) so this drop relative to other years was not due to lack of effort. There were also other ways the habitat for gray whales shifted to some degree in 2016 and most dramatically in 2017. Within NWA in particular, gray whales in 2017 were concentrated feeding through most of the season in and around the surf zone around Kalaloch a more exposed shallow beach area and farther south than their usual habitat.

Whales were sighted across various survey regions and the interchange of whales (Table 8) between survey regions during 1 June - 30 November depends on proximity of the

regions (Calambokidis et al. 2004). During 1 June-30 November for 1996 to 2017, 836 unique whales were seen in the PCFG range and 71.1% (594 of the 836 whales seen in the PCFG range) were seen within the smaller OR-SVI region and approximately 37.8% (316 of the 836 whales seen in the PCFG range) were seen within the smaller MUA area; however, there is variation in interchange between areas in the PCFG and the MUA. Of the whales sighted in regions from NCA to NBC, from 45.1% to 63.5% of the whales were seen at some point within MUA (Figure 6). If we exclude transients (whales seen in only one year), the interchange rates with MUA are much higher but the pattern is similar (Figure 7) with a range of 52.6% to 82.5%. Appendix Table 2 provides capture histories using data from 1 June - 30 Nov of whales seen in the MUA at least once. For each year, the table shows whether the whale was sighted in PCFG but not in the MUA during that year, only seen in MUA that year, and seen in both MUA and another PCFG area in that year.

Whales seen in the PCFG exhibited a wide range of movement across and within years. The 151 whales seen in 9 or more years provide a useful example. None of those whales was seen exclusively in a single region, and 68.2% were seen in at least 4 of the 9 survey regions from 1996 to 2017. However, whales did regularly visit the same regions across years with 95.4% being seen in at least one of the regions during six or more of the years they were seen and 58.3% being seen in a region two-thirds or more of the years they were seen. SVI was the region with the maximum number of years seen for 66 of the 151 whales, which in part reflects the larger amount of survey effort in SVI (Calambokidis et al. 2004a, Calambokidis et al. 2013). Thus, some whales regularly visit particular regions more often than others, but they are seen across the other regions as well.

Some of the whales not seen in the PCFG in a year were seen in Kodiak and Southeast Alaska (Table 9). Of the 26 whales identified in Southeast Alaska and the 153 whales identified in Kodiak, Alaska, 15 (57.7%) and 24 (15.7%), respectively have been seen farther south in the PCFG.

If we look at latitudes of sightings of individual whales across the 22 years using whales that have been sighted on at least 6 different days (Figure 8), we see that sightings of some whales are highly clustered; whereas, sightings of other whales are highly dispersed across several regions. We defined each whales primary range by the 75% inner quantile which is the middle of the range that includes 75% of the locations. The length of the 75% inner quantile in nautical miles exceeded 60 nautical miles (or 1 degree of latitude) for 52.8% of the whales (Figure 9) and it was more than 180 nautical miles for more than 32.5% of the whales. Thus, it makes little sense to compute an estimate of abundance for any region that spans less than a degree of latitude.

3.3   Annual Sighting Patterns

The average number of whales identified in any one year was 157, 108, and 38 for the PCFG, OR-SVI, and MUA, respectively (Table 10). However, those numbers do not represent the total numbers of whales that use each of these areas because not all whales using a region in a year are seen, not all whales return to the same region each year, and not all of the whales return to the PCFG region each year. The annual average number of newly seen whales (excluding 1996-1998 when the photo-id effort expanded to cover all survey regions) was 35.5, 25.7, and 13.6 for PCFG, OR-SVI, and MUA, respectively. The annual average

number of newly seen whales that were "recruited" (seen in a subsequent year), excluding 1996-1998 and 2017, was 14.9, 13.4, and 6.3 for PCFG, OR-SVI, MUA respectively. Thus, there were a substantial number of new whales seen each year and 40.7, 50.8, and 47 percent of those were seen again in a subsequent year in the 3 regions respectively. The number of newly seen whales and the number newly seen and recruited (i.e., seen in at least one more year after the initial year it was seen) (Table 11) are displayed as discovery curves in Figures 10 and 11.

Of the whales that were seen during June-November 1996-2017 in the PCFG (NCA to NBC) about half were only seen in one year and the whales that were seen in more years were sighted more often each year and therefore represented a large proportion of the sightings (Figure 12). Of the 822 identified whales first seen before 2017 between 1 June and 30 November in the PCFG range (NCA-NBC), 52% were seen in only one year and only represent about 5% of the sightings (Figure 12). Many of the newly seen whales did not return in subsequent years. Some whales were seen in every year with 6.4% that were seen in every year after their initial identification, including 4 whales first seen in 1996 that were seen in all of 22 subsequent years. The remaining 41% were seen more than once but not in every year.

Likewise, examination of MT in the first sighting year demonstrates that whales who stay longer in their first year were more likely to be seen in a following year (Figure 13). Whales "first" seen in the first few years of the study (1996-1998) includes some whales that were truly new to the PCFG in those years but many were only "new" because it was the first year of the study or as the surveyed regions expanded over time. This is evident (Figure 13) in the much higher proportions for 1996-1998 than for the other years. These relationships will be important in the capture-recapture models for abundance estimation because whales that do not return after their first year (a large percentage in this analysis) would appeared to have not survived because they have permanently emigrated (with a small fraction that died).

3.4   Open Population Capture-Recapture Models

If the yearly cohorts were pooled, Test2+Test3 statistics indicated a significant lack of fit for the PCFG and subsets (Table 12) primarily resulting from Test 3. This was expected due to the different "survival" rates of previously seen whales (true survival) and newly seen whales of which many never returned (i.e., permanently emigrated) (Tables 13- 14). By separating the cohorts, survival for each cohort was time-varying and thus each cohort has a separate first year survival. The goodness of fit test (Test 2) demonstrated a lack of fit for NCA-NBC and OR-SVI (Table 12). For those regions, we estimated an over-dispersion values of $\hat{c}$=2.21 and $\hat{c}$=1.48 respectively to adjust AICc and estimated standard errors.

For all areas, the best fitted model (Table 15) was model 2 for p with capture probability varying across years and higher when MT was greater in the previous year. Likewise, for φ the best model was model 4 for all areas. Models 5 and 9 were close competitorsl. Both models 4, 5 and 9 included a separate first year survival which depends on MT. Model 9 included a different calf first-year "survival" which gave a higher survival for calves than non-calves the first year seen (redundant for calves) because they are more

likely to return. In models 4, 5 and 9, there are 3 intercepts for first year survival (1996&97, 1998, >1998) and in models 5 and 9 the slopes for MT differ as well. These results were consistent with Calambokidis et al. (2004) who demonstrated strong support for the effect of MT on first year survival (Figure 14) and capture probability (Figure 16) in the following year. These results differ some from Calambokidis et al. (2010) who used an annual median-centered MT. Use of MT with median centering was necessary to construct open model abundance estimates in the manner described in Calambokidis et al. (2010). However, that was not necessary for JS1 and the use of MT without median-centering resulted in lower AICc values.

There was large year to year variation in capture probability. The values for NCA-NBC ranged from 0.42 to 0.97 depending on the year and value of MT (Figure 16). Some of the lowest values were from 2007 which reflects the temporary emigration of whales from MUA and SVI to waters offshore of Oregon in that year. In contrast, for MUA capture probabilities were much lower ranging from 0.08 to 0.79 depending on the year and value of MT (Figure 17). The lower overall capture probability and weaker relationship between capture probability and MT reflect the transitory behavior of whales in such a small area. The lower estimates of capture probability in 1999-2004 for MUA was due to decreased effort by NMML which spread their survey effort across MUA to WVI during 1999-2002, lost a vessel in 2002 and had no funding in 2004 (Figure 17).

First year survival estimates were dominated by permanent emigration. For NCA-NBC, the estimates varied from 0.31 to 0.81 for non-calf whales with MT=1 in their first year and from 0.71 to 0.94 for MT>80 in their first year (Figure 14). Calf survival is by definition a first year survival rate and potentially includes permanent emigration from the PCFG. Calf survival estimates ranged from about 0.34 to 0.94 (Figure 15). The average calf survival estimate was 0.55 (se = 0.058). There was some support for a different first year calf survival in model 9 (ϕ in Table 15) because calves are less likely to permanently emigrate. Unfortunately there is no way to separate permanent emigration from mortality with the existing data.

Survival subsequent to the first year was assumed to be constant but was less for non-calf whales that were newly seen in 1999 or later. Post-first-year suvival for calves and whales present in 1998 or earlier presumably represents true survival assuming there was little permanent emigration after the first year. Those estimates were 0.971 (se=0.0058) and 0.968 (se=0.0062) for OR-SVI and NCA-NBC respectively. The post-first-year survival estimates for whales that entered in 1999 or later and not identified as a calf were 0.921 (se=0.0113) and 0.917 (se=0.0130) for OR-SVI and NCA-NBC respectively.

3.5 Abundance and Recruitment

For NCA-NBC, OR-SVI and MUA annual estimates of abundance were constructed with model averaged values for JS1 (Table 16-18). Estimates for NCA-NBC in Figure 18 are only shown for 1998-2017 with the open models $p = 1$ for 1996 so it will certainly be an underestimate and the survey coverage in 1996 and 1997 was not as extensive as the later years.

The value of N_{min} for 2017 is 212 for NCA-NBC (Table 16). To gain a sense for how these values might be relevant to estimating a possible level of removal (e.g., due to har-

vest) we computed the MMPA's Potential Biological Removal (PBR) (typically reserved for stock-level assessments). Using the PBR formula, with an Rmax of 6.2% and a recovery factor of 0.5 (Caretta et al. 2013), the PBR for NCA-NBC (PCFG) would be 3.3.

New whales that are not identified as calves have appeared annually and many of these new (non-calf) whales have subsequently returned and been re-sighted (Tables 13-14). In NCA-NBC from 1999-2016, an average of 30.9 (range: 8.0, 68.0) new whales not identified as a calf were seen each year. Of these new non-calf whales, on average 11.5 (range: 1.0, 28.0) whales returned and were seen in subsequent years. It is unknown what proportion of the non-calves used the PCFG as a calf but were not seen in that year. Currently recruitment appears to be offset by losses (either mortality or permanent emigration) as the abundance estimates have been fairly stable since 2002.

4   Discussion

The population structure of gray whales using the Pacific Northwest in summer and fall is complicated and involves two elements. One group of whales return frequently and account for the majority of the sightings in the Pacific Northwest during summer and fall. This group is certainly not homogeneous and even within this group, there is some degree of preference for certain subareas. Despite widespread movement and interchange among areas, some of these gray whales are more likely to be seen returning to the same areas they were seen before. The second group of whales are transients that are seen in only one year, tend to be seen for shorter periods that year, and in more limited areas.

The existence of these two groups in the study area and their dynamics complicate estimating abundance. While the JS1 estimator may not be optimal, it provides a practical way of handling transients in this open population. Excluding 1996-1997, the JS1 sequence of abundance estimates provides the most reliable assessment of trend for the non-transient abundance and the best estimate of current abundance in 2017.

Despite extensive interchange among subregions in our study area, whales do not move randomly among areas. Abundance estimates were lower when using more limited geographic ranges but these more limited areas do not reflect closed populations. While the use of geographically stratified models can be useful in cases where populations have geographic strata they use (see for example Hilborn 1990), this would be difficult in our case because of the frequent sightings of animals in multiple regions within the same season and these models typically only allow an animal to be sighted in one strata per period. This could be dealt with by assigning animals to only a single region per season but this would be forcing the data into a somewhat inaccurate construct.

Several studies have considered the question of gray whale population structure. There is widespread agreement that at least two populations of gray whales in the North Pacific exist, a western North Pacific population (also called the Korean population) and an eastern North Pacific (ENP) population (sometimes called the California population) (Swartz et al. 2006; Angliss and Outlaw 2008; Rugh et al. 1999). The population structure of the gray whales feeding in the Pacific Northwest has remained in question and only a few studies have examined this. Steeves et al. (2001) did not find mtDNA differences in a preliminary comparison of gray whales from the summer off Vancouver Island and those

from the larger ENP population. Ramakrishnan et al. (2001) did not find evidence that the Pacific Northwest whales represented a maternal genetic isolate, although even very low levels of recruitment from the larger overall population would prevent genetic drift. More recently, Frasier et al. (2011) generated mtDNA sequences from a larger sample of gray whales from Vancouver Island than tested by Steeves et al. (2001). They found significant differences in the haplotype frequencies between that sample and mtDNA sequence data reported for ENP gray whales, most of which were animals that stranded along the migratory route. The Frasier et al. (2011) samples were from a relatively small area; however, Lang et al. (2011) evaluated biopsy samples from California to southern Vancouver Island in the PCFG and ENP samples from whales sampled north of the Aleutians and also found significant mtDNA halpotype frequency differences. These two studies provide the strongest evidence to date that the Pacific Northwest whales might be sufficiently isolated to allow maternally inherited mtDNA to differ from the overall ENP population.

Population structure in other large whales has been the subject of recent inquiry and has revealed diverse results for different species. Clapham et al. (2008) examined 11 subpopulations of whales subjected to whaling that were extirpated possibly due to the loss of the cultural memory of that habitat and concluded subpopulations often exist on a smaller spatial scale than had been recognized. Studies of other baleen whales, particularly humpback whales, have shown evidence of maternally directed site fidelity to specific feeding grounds based on photographic identification studies (Calambokidis et al. 1996, 2001, 2008). This high degree of fidelity to specific feeding areas is often discernible genetically. In the North Pacific strong mtDNA differences were found among feeding areas even when there was evidence of low level of interchange from photo-ID (Baker et al. 2008). Similar findings were documented for humpback whales in the North Atlantic which feed in different areas but interbreed primarily on a single breeding ground (Palsboll et al. 1995) like ENP gray whales. In the North Pacific the differences for humpback whales were often dramatic. For example, humpback whales that feed off California have almost no overlap in mtDNA haplotypes with humpback whales feeding in Southeast Alaska (Baker et al. 1990, 1998, 2008). One difference between humpback and gray whales is the coastal migration route of gray whales which means gray whales going to arctic waters to feed would migrate right through the feeding areas to the south. Other species of large whales have not shown as strong site fidelity to specific feeding grounds. Blue whales have undergone an apparent shift in their feeding distribution in the North Pacific apparently due to shifting oceanographic conditions (Calambokidis et al. 2009a). Fin whales in the North Pacific have long migrations and while there do not appear to be multiple distinct feeding areas as was the case for humpback whales, there were some distinct and isolated apparently non-migratory populations (Mizroch et al. 2009; Berube et al. 2004).

Even though the population structure of gray whales off the Pacific Northwest remains unresolved, there is a consistent group of animals that use this area and we provide several estimates of their abundance. Different abundance methods and geographic scopes yield varied results but all suggest the annual abundance of animals using the Pacific Northwest for feeding through the summer is at most a couple hundred animals depending on the estimating method and how broadly the region is defined geographically.

The rapid increase in the abundance estimates at the start of this study is in part due to the smaller area of coverage during 1996 and 1997. We included those years to improve

the estimate in 1998-1999 and the estimate for 1998 did increase by 7% from previous analysis. The increase from 1998-2000 occurred during a period the overall eastern North Pacific gray whale population was experiencing a high mortality event that included unusually high numbers of gray whales showing up in areas they were not common. The high rate of increase in the late 1990s and early 2000s should be verified with additional data such as compiling photographic identifications for this area from multiple sources to attempt to verify if the abundance of animals prior to the start of our study was as low as suggested by these trends. Even though the rate of increase may be too high, we believe the abundance did increase and now appears to be relatively stable since 2002.

Acknowledgments

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Table 1: Contributions of numbers of sightings (one or more photographs of a whale per day) by reseach group for 1996-2017 and resulting number of uniquely identified whales. Totals for whales are unique whales across all research groups.

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Whales
Brian Gisborne	0	4	340	306	646	499	363	786	288	393	410	95	485	297	556	544	521	697	645	521	174	24	560
Canada Fisheries/Oceans	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	14	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	21
Carrie Newell	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	72	0	18	2	0	139	190	127	0	0	0	129
CERF	13	260	101	128	210	346	271	125	761	11	33	11	38	4	7	40	26	50	7	0	0	0	137
Christina Tombach	0	0	311	125	128	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	58	0	0	0	111
CRC	54	34	129	179	89	58	89	85	135	31	61	92	67	57	51	55	83	61	22	64	68	87	468
Dawn Goley-HSU	0	0	21	74	56	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	42	19	50	220	228	72	78	29	18	11	331
Jan Straley-UASE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Jeff Jacobsen-HSU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	127	334	126	230	141	188	72	17	417
Jim Darling	18	0	45	0	0	34	13	0	30	45	120	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	79
MAKAH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	66	232	101	45	23	145	196	150	360	49	47	448
MAKAH-NMML	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	71	24	68	116	53	43	16	8	10	148
NMML	34	112	125	155	112	115	71	64	13	99	55	33	82	25	6	45	19	13	32	23	42	19	400
North Slope Borough	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Opportunistic	12	3	8	14	1	1	0	0	0	1	28	46	67	83	69	0	42	183	70	50	64	66	354
OSU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	212	68	193	89	45	0	34	184	200	200
SWFSC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	131	0	0	117
UAF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23
UVIC	0	0	0	0	0	0	113	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	108	0	0	117
Volker Deecke	0	0	39	39	18	8	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	70
Wendy Szaniszlo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	87	45	64	115	4	23	90	136	170	45	40	51	32	169
Photo Totals	131	413	1119	1020	1260	1123	983	1067	1227	667	777	482	1152	897	1042	1630	1670	1960	1418	1564	730	513	
Whale Totals	70	77	158	247	179	195	251	178	196	202	182	159	225	241	233	284	330	384	295	536	229	162	1944

Table 2: Regional distribution of numbers of sightings (one or more photographs of a whale per day) and resulting number of uniquely identified whales by reseach group for 1996-2017. Totals for whales are unique whales across all research groups. NPS is northern Puget Sound and PS includes southern Puget Sound, San Juan Islands, Hood Canal and Boundary Bay.

	CA	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	PS	NPS	SVI	WVI	NBC	SEAK	KAK
Brian Gisborne	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	8250	339	4	0	0
Canada Fisheries/Oceans	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	5	0	0	0
Carrie Newell	0	0	0	560	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CERF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	48	2394	0	0
Christina Tombach	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	622	0	0	0
CRC	27	98	118	100	254	143	34	68	660	40	0	95	14	0
Dawn Goley-HSU	0	924	83	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jan Straley-UASE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0
Jeff Jacobsen-HSU	13	1170	31	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jim Darling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	124	0	0	0
MAKAH	0	0	0	19	0	803	832	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAKAH-NMML	0	0	0	0	0	276	109	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
NMML	0	14	97	0	0	334	342	0	18	171	150	7	0	127
North Slope Borough	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Opportunistic	111	2	5	181	0	0	27	38	117	212	257	13	8	25
OSU	0	329	93	405	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SWFSC	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	32	33	0	38
UAF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24
UVIC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	221	0	0	0
Volker Deecke	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	77	0	34	4	0
Wendy Szaniszlo	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	510	390	0	0	0
Photo Totals	151	2537	439	1328	259	1556	1346	108	795	9303	2189	2580	35	214
Whale Totals	129	598	167	240	146	510	244	47	53	526	376	140	26	155

Table 3: Survey regions and region subsets used for abundance estimation. Numbers refer to locations on the map in Figure 1.

Survey Region	Region Description	NCA-NBC	OR-SVI	MUA
(1) SCA = Southern California				
(2) CCA = Central California				
(3) NCA = Northern California	Eureka to Oregon border; mostly from Patricks Pt. and Pt. St George	x		
(4) SOR = Southern Oregon		x	x	
(5) OR = Oregon Coast	Primarily central coast near Depoe Bay and Newport, OR	x	x	
(6) GH+ = Gray's Harbor	Waters inside Grays Harbor and coastal waters along the S Washington coast	x	x	
(7) NWA = Northern Washington	Northern outer coast waters with most effort from Cape Alava (Sea Lion Rock) to Cape Flattery	x	x	x
(8) SJF = Strait of Juan de Fuca	US waters east of Cape Flattery extending to Admiralty Inlet (entrance to Puget Sound) with most effort ending at Sekiu Point	x	x	x
(9) NPS = Northern Puget Sound	Inside waters and embayments from Edmonds to the Canadian border			
(10) PS = Puget Sound	Central and southern Puget Sound (S of Edmonds), including Hood Canal, Boundary Bay, and the San Juan Islands			
(11) SVI = Southern Vancouver Island	Canadian waters of the Strait of Juan de Fuca along Vancouver Island from Victoria to Barkley Sound, along West Coast Trail	x	x	
(12) WVI = West Vancouver Island		x		
(13) NBC = Northern British Columbia	British Columbia waters north of Vancouver Island, with principal effort around Cape Caution	x		
(14) SEAK = Southeast Alaska	Waters of southeastern Alaska with the only effort in the vicinity of Sitka			
(15) KAK = Kodiak, Alaska				

Table 4: Model specifications for survival (φ) and capture probability (p) parameters in POPAN models for gray whale photo-identification data. For survival models, β_0 is the baseline intercept for non-transient survival. Fy is 1 if it is year the whale was first seen and 0 otherwise. A subscript for Fy means that it applies only for that cohort except that $Fy99$ applies to cohorts 1999 and beyond and Fy_c represents each of the cohorts from 1996 to 2017. C is 1 if identified as a calf in its first year and 0 otherwise. R is 1 for calves or any whale seen in 1998 or was already in the catalog prior to 1998 and 0 otherwise. β_r is an adjustment to post-first-year survival. MT is minimum tenure value of a whale and β_M is the estimated slope parameter for φ or p. $\beta_{M,96-97}$ applies to 1996-97, $\beta_{M,98}$ to 1998 and $\beta_{M,99}$ applies to 1999-2016. $\beta_{Fy,96-97}$, $\beta_{Fy,98}$ and $\beta_{Fy,99}$ are the first-year survival intercept adjustments for 1996-97, 1998 and cohorts 1999-2016 respectively and $\beta_{Fy,c}$ represents 21 cohort-specific first year survival parameters for 1996-2016. β_{CF} is an adjustment for calf first year survival and β_{CM} is an adjustment for calves to the slope of MT for survival. For the capture probability models, β_t has 20 levels for t=1998,...2017 and β_0 represents the 1997 value. For 1996 p=1.

Model	Parameter Logit Formula	Number of parameters
φ		
1	$\beta_0 + \beta_{Fy} Fy + \beta_r R(1 - Fy)$	3
2	$\beta_0 + \beta_{Fy} Fy + \beta_M MT\, Fy + \beta_r R(1 - Fy)$	4
3	$\beta_0 + \beta_{Fy,96-97} Fy96-97 + \beta_{Fy,98} Fy98 + \beta_{Fy,99} Fy99 + \beta R(1 - Fy)$	5
4	$\beta_0 + \beta_{Fy,96-97} Fy96-97 + \beta_{Fy,98} Fy98 + \beta_{Fy,99} Fy99 + \beta_M MT\, Fy + \beta_r R(1 - Fy)$	6
5	$\beta_0 + (\beta_{Fy,96-97} + \beta_{M,96-97} MT) Fy96-97 + (\beta_{Fy,98} + \beta_{M,98} MT) Fy98 + (\beta_{Fy,99} + \beta_{M,99} MT) Fy99 + \beta_r R(1 - Fy)$	8
6	$\beta_0 + \beta_{Fy,c} Fyc + \beta_M MT\, Fy + \beta_r R(1 - Fy)$	22
7	$\beta_0 + \beta_{Fy,c} Fyc + \beta_M MT\, Fy + \beta_{CF} C\, Fy + \beta_r R(1 - Fy)$	23
8	$\beta_0 + \beta_{Fy,c} Fyc + \beta_M MT\, Fy + \beta_{CF} C\, Fy + \beta_{CM} C\, MT + \beta_r R(1 - Fy)$	24
9	$\beta_0 + (\beta_{Fy,96-97} + \beta_{M,96-97} MT) Fy96-97 + (\beta_{Fy,98} + \beta_{M,98} MT) Fy98 + (\beta_{Fy,99} + \beta_{M,99} MT) Fy99 + \beta_{CF} C\, Fy + \beta_r R(1 - Fy)$	9
10	$\beta_0 + (\beta_{Fy,96-97} + \beta_{M,96-97} MT) Fy96-97 + (\beta_{Fy,98} + \beta_{M,98} MT) Fy98 + (\beta_{Fy,99} + \beta_{M,99} MT) Fy99 + \beta_{CF} C\, Fy + \beta_{CM} C\, MT + \beta_r R(1 - Fy)$	10
p		
1	$\beta_0 + \beta_t$	19
2	$\beta_0 + \beta_t + \beta_M MT$	20
3	$\beta_0 + \beta_M MT$	2

Table 5: Regional distribution of numbers of whales seen by month for 1996-2017.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CA	13	16	19	19	14	3	6	7	13	1	1	28
NCA	171	88	22	67	88	131	144	60	50	100	114	153
SOR	0	3	0	2	21	7	51	62	94	43	0	0
OR	0	1	4	4	34	60	84	109	126	85	6	0
GH+	6	2	30	60	29	17	3	0	27	1	0	0
NWA	10	7	27	175	116	85	84	123	108	90	13	3
SJF	0	0	3	38	34	48	65	71	86	108	80	21
PS-HC-BB-SJ	0	1	6	21	8	10	5	3	2	2	4	1
NPS	1	5	17	28	32	12	2	0	0	0	1	1
SVI	5	20	85	106	144	240	265	218	186	93	36	6
WVI	0	2	23	35	61	117	200	191	121	39	1	0
NBC	1	0	2	0	3	26	84	113	83	28	0	1
SEAK	0	0	0	0	0	17	5	1	3	0	5	0
KAK	0	0	0	0	2	19	34	57	60	0	0	0

Table 6: Regional distribution of numbers of whales seen during June-November for 1996-2017.

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
CA	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	4	0	3	0	0	3	7	1	7	0	0	2	0	0
NCA	0	0	16	38	27	32	37	15	3	0	0	1	47	62	62	82	95	81	53	8	7	22
SOR	0	0	0	0	0	2	46	24	16	1	0	23	15	2	15	10	11	5	28	31	59	11
OR	0	0	17	31	8	15	0	0	16	4	9	39	6	38	20	7	42	40	35	21	78	78
GH+	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	38	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NWA	13	15	22	7	9	31	7	19	3	19	44	13	35	30	22	36	62	50	32	33	15	49
SJF	9	22	18	4	5	2	1	9	24	17	21	14	55	37	4	12	11	35	45	23	20	5
PS-HC-BB-SJ	0	0	3	8	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	1	0	1	2	0
NPS	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
SVI	13	17	60	45	55	101	66	90	86	89	67	37	78	75	62	62	73	99	84	97	73	8
WVI	8	0	57	66	53	29	85	9	0	52	40	13	23	22	9	53	28	114	50	67	24	21
NBC	13	33	23	25	23	40	43	51	88	12	21	5	21	3	4	2	15	31	7	28	0	0
SEAK	0	0	5	6	0	0	0	6	0	1	2	3	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
KAK	0	0	0	0	0	0	42	4	0	48	0	0	23	0	17	0	2	0	0	35	0	0

Table 7: Number of days in which whales were seen for each region and year from 1996-2017 from 1 June - 30 November.

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
CA	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	4	1	2	0	0	2	0	0
NCA	0	0	8	8	20	13	20	2	2	0	0	2	9	19	21	32	28	20	14	4	3	8
SOR	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	1	2	1	0	3	1	1	7	6	3	4	8	5	10	5
OR	0	0	6	9	5	7	0	0	1	1	7	38	1	22	8	11	70	54	18	13	34	42
GH+	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NWA	9	12	22	10	7	11	3	9	1	12	13	7	8	7	14	23	20	16	17	17	6	17
SJF	9	42	16	9	9	4	2	15	7	13	18	26	36	30	4	12	16	25	31	33	22	9
PS-HC-BB-SJ	0	0	3	11	4	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	1	0	1	2	0
NPS	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
SVI	9	10	91	87	82	55	68	66	48	73	59	39	82	71	80	106	75	64	77	26	17	8
WVI	10	0	54	46	28	7	10	3	0	6	14	27	31	5	1	22	7	46	25	31	8	12
NBC	7	53	39	50	53	43	34	29	53	11	16	9	13	2	8	1	3	6	1	5	0	0
SEAK	0	0	2	3	0	1	0	3	3	1	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
KAK	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	7	0	0	5	0	2	0	1	0	0	10	0	0

Table 8: Interchange of whales across regions for all years (1996-2017) for June-November. The diagonal is the number of unique whales seen in that region over the 22 year time span. Many of those whales were only seen once. Here PS includes NPS and CA represents SCA and CCA.

	CA	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	PS	SVI	WVI	NBC	SEAK	KAK
CA	28												
NCA	10	304											
SOR	8	88	141										
OR	9	124	100	217									
GH+	1	19	14	22	43								
NWA	9	89	69	109	30	231							
SJF	5	51	39	62	17	108	193						
PS	0	1	1	1	2	3	3	36					
SVI	11	104	72	121	30	162	123	5	354				
WVI	8	89	60	103	30	137	108	6	215	311			
NBC	3	24	19	37	15	51	39	4	85	83	133		
SEAK	0	3	2	3	2	7	8	0	9	11	12	26	
KAK	1	10	2	6	0	3	2	1	13	12	8	1	153

Table 9: Sighting histories of whales seen in the PCFG during 1 June - 30 November in at least one year and also in Southeast Alaska (SEAK) or Kodiak (KAK) in one year. 1: whale sighted in PCFG but not SEAK or KAK that year, 2: only seen in SEAK or KAK that year, and 3: seen in both PCFG and in SEAK and KAK in that year.

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
68	1																				
187	1	2	2																		
126	1	1		1	1	1	1	1						1					2		
130	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
140	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
141	1	1				1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	
152	1													2					1		
229	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2											
323	1	1				1	1	1	2	1		2									
325	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	3	1											
328	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3		1	1	1	1	1	1	
899	1								1												
227		1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1		
232		1		1	1	2	1								1	1	1	1	1		
261		2				1		1							1		1	1			
316		1																			
628			2	1	1	2	1	1	2		1	1			1		1		1		
538				1	1	1	1								1						
555				1		2	1	1	2	1		2	1	1	1	1	1				
566				1				1	1					1							
601			1	1	1	1		1	2	1						2					
612			1	1	1	1	3	1	1	2						1	1	1	1		
581				1	1		1	1	2	1	1					2	1	1	1		
604			1	1			1	1	2					2	1						
639				1		2	2	1			1	1	1						1		
684						1					1	1	3								
687						1	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	1							
691						1			2												
723						2	1	1	3							1			1		
760						1	3	1	1										2		
800								1				2									
815											1							1			
900													2	1	1	1			1		
834									2				1			1	1	1			
893									2							1		1			
918									2							1					
993														1	1				3		
1778																	1	1	2		
1854																			1		2

Table 10: Number of unique whales seen by year for MUA, OR-SVI, and PCFG (NCA-NBC) during 1996-2017.

Region	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Average
1 MUA	19	27	37	11	14	32	8	22	26	33	58	20	75	57	26	41	67	66	63	46	34	52	38
2 OR-SVI	30	36	86	71	70	128	103	110	118	107	96	114	123	118	93	91	127	145	152	160	176	130	108
3 PCFG	45	69	132	151	140	172	203	157	179	135	126	120	174	152	144	164	208	232	201	212	186	151	157

Table 11: Discovery of new unique whales over years 1996-2017 for PCFG, OR-SVI and MUA. Recruited only means that the whale was seen in at least one more year after the initial year it was seen. The number 'recruited' will usually be greater than the abundance estimate because some whales die and others may permanently emigrate and do not return.

	Region	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1	PCFG	45	90	161	229	283	344	397	417	447	465	473	493	543	565	580	599	652	710	748	791	822	836
2	ORSVI	30	50	105	128	155	211	249	275	306	323	333	355	377	394	402	411	439	476	512	543	579	594
3	MUA	19	34	57	58	69	88	89	100	114	123	146	148	177	190	194	205	227	249	273	288	298	316
4	PCFG-recruited	40	76	123	135	163	189	219	234	248	259	260	269	287	294	306	311	332	356	372	384	392	
5	ORSVI-recruited	26	39	76	86	101	123	150	170	187	197	200	210	221	227	235	242	258	279	296	308	317	
6	MUA-recruited	17	28	36	36	44	51	52	58	69	75	92	94	111	114	117	123	131	139	146	149	150	

Table 12: RELEASE goodness of fit results for each region using pooled and separate cohorts. When cohorts are separated as groups, Test 3 is always 0 because there are no sub-cohorts.

Region	Cohort	Test	χ^2	df	P
MUA	Pooled				
		Test 2	113.7861	45	0
		Test 3	82.7012	38	0
		Total	196.4873	83	0
	Separate				
		Test 2	32.7745	116	1
OR-SVI	Pooled				
		Test 2	344.9553	63	0
		Test 3	383.3603	39	0
		Total	728.3156	102	0
	Separate				
		Test 2	265.8251	180	0
NCA-NBC	Pooled				
		Test 2	449.7529	56	0
		Test 3	802.842	39	0
		Total	1252.5949	95	0
	Separate				
		Test 2	359.495	163	0

Table 13: Number of whales seen each year, number that were new that year in that region, and number that were new and were seen in a subsequent year for whales seen between June-November 1996-2007 in each region. The year a whale was seen as new can vary across regions and if it differs will be later in the smaller region.

Region		1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
MUA	Seen	19	27	37	11	14	32	8	22	26	33	58	20
	Non-calf: New	19	15	22	1	11	18	1	10	12	9	23	2
	Non-calf: New/Resighted	17	11	7	0	8	7	1	5	9	6	17	2
	Calf: New	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0
	Calf: New/Resighted	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0
OR-SVI	Seen	30	36	86	71	70	128	103	110	118	107	96	114
	Non-calf: New	30	20	52	23	27	51	31	23	26	14	10	20
	Non-calf: New/Resighted	26	13	36	10	15	19	22	17	14	9	3	9
	Calf: New	0	0	3	0	0	5	7	3	5	3	0	2
	Calf: New/Resighted	0	0	1	0	0	3	5	3	3	1	0	1
NCA-NBC	Seen	45	69	132	151	140	172	203	157	179	135	126	120
	Non-calf: New	45	45	66	68	54	56	44	17	25	15	8	17
	Non-calf: New/Resighted	40	36	45	12	28	23	23	12	11	10	1	8
	Calf: New	0	0	5	0	0	5	9	3	5	3	0	3
	Calf: New/Resighted	0	0	2	0	0	3	7	3	3	1	0	1

Table 14: Number of whales seen each year, number that were new that year in that region, and number that were new and were seen in a subsequent year for whales seen between June-November 2008-2017 in each region. The year a whale was seen as new can vary across regions and if it differs will be later in the smaller region.

Region		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
MUA	Seen	75	57	26	41	67	66	63	46	34	52
	Non-calf: New	28	13	4	9	20	17	19	12	10	18
	Non-calf: New/Resighted	16	3	3	4	7	5	7	2	1	0
	Calf: New	1	0	0	2	2	5	5	3	0	0
	Calf: New/Resighted	1	0	0	2	1	3	0	1	0	0
OR-SVI	Seen	123	118	93	91	127	145	152	160	176	130
	Non-calf: New	20	16	7	4	21	26	22	24	29	14
	Non-calf: New/Resighted	10	6	7	3	9	12	9	9	7	0
	Calf: New	2	1	1	5	7	11	14	7	7	1
	Calf: New/Resighted	1	0	1	4	7	9	8	3	2	0
NCA-NBC	Seen	174	152	144	164	208	232	201	211	186	151
	Non-calf: New	48	21	12	12	41	46	19	29	24	10
	Non-calf: New/Resighted	17	7	9	1	13	13	5	8	6	0
	Calf: New	2	1	3	7	12	12	19	13	7	4
	Calf: New/Resighted	1	0	3	4	8	11	11	4	2	0

Table 15: Delta AICc and QAICc (for OR-NBC and NCA-NBC models) for 30 models fitted to each set of data.

Region	p model	φ Model 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
MUA	1	21.5	14.9	13.1	5.9	9.1	15.6	15.5	17.4	10.5	11.5
	2	14.0	8.7	5.9	0.0	3.1	10.5	10.3	12.2	4.4	5.4
	3	91.9	87.4	81.5	76.7	79.5	79.5	79.3	81.2	81.2	81.8
OR-SVI	1	258.1	226.8	253.9	220.3	223.5	229.8	229.7	231.5	223.7	225.3
	2	39.7	15.9	37.1	10.8	14.0	21.9	21.8	23.6	13.8	15.3
	3	29.6	5.7	26.5	0.0	3.2	10.5	10.5	12.2	2.9	4.4
NCA-NBC	1	223.9	184.7	197.1	153.6	157.1	164.7	164.1	165.3	156.7	158.1
	2	63.1	29.0	38.3	0.0	3.4	12.3	NA	12.7	2.3	4.7
	3	68.1	34.6	43.9	4.9	22.2	16.6	15.8	17.0	21.7	9.4

Table 16: JS1 abundance estimates $(\widehat{N})$, standard errors and minimum population estimate $N_{min} = \widehat{N}e^{-0.842\sqrt{log(1+(se(\widehat{N})/\widehat{N})^2}}$ using data from 1996-2017 in OR-SVI regions.

Region	Year	$\widehat{N}$	$se(\widehat{N})$	N_{min}
OR-SVI	1996	24	2.5	22
	1997	45	5.4	41
	1998	94	8.3	87
	1999	82	6.6	77
	2000	86	7.6	80
	2001	156	10.9	147
	2002	128	9.6	121
	2003	168	12.1	158
	2004	160	10.8	151
	2005	169	12.4	159
	2006	152	11.4	143
	2007	172	12.3	162
	2008	198	14.0	186
	2009	165	10.7	156
	2010	144	10.9	135
	2011	144	11.0	135
	2012	179	11.8	169
	2013	192	11.3	182
	2014	214	13.0	204
	2015	225	12.8	215
	2016	239	13.5	228
	2017	196	12.5	186

Table 17: JS1 abundance estimates $(\widehat{N})$, standard errors and minimum population estimate $N_{min} = \widehat{N}e^{-0.842\sqrt{log(1+(se(\widehat{N})/\widehat{N})^2}}$ using data from 1996-2017 in NCA-NBC regions.

Region	Year	$\widehat{N}$	$se(\widehat{N})$	N_{min}
NCA-NBC	1996	38	2.7	36
	1997	80	10.4	72
	1998	125	10.9	117
	1999	146	14.2	134
	2000	147	14.2	136
	2001	179	13.4	168
	2002	197	13.9	185
	2003	207	17.3	193
	2004	216	16.6	203
	2005	216	26.1	195
	2006	199	21.5	182
	2007	195	26.0	174
	2008	214	19.0	198
	2009	211	21.4	194
	2010	203	19.6	187
	2011	208	16.2	195
	2012	220	12.3	210
	2013	240	14.1	229
	2014	243	18.7	227
	2015	250	18.2	235
	2016	246	24.3	226
	2017	232	25.2	212

Table 18: JS1 abundance estimates $(\widehat{N})$, standard errors and minimum population estimate $N_{min} = \widehat{N}e^{-0.842\sqrt{log(1+(se(\widehat{N})/\widehat{N})^2}}$ using data from 1996-2017 in MUA region.

Year	$\widehat{N}$	$se(\widehat{N})$	N_{min}
1996	17	1.5	16
1997	31	4.3	28
1998	40	9.1	33
1999	38	14.7	28
2000	38	24.5	23
2001	53	13.7	43
2002	46	22.5	31
2003	53	17.4	41
2004	57	17.3	44
2005	62	12.7	53
2006	71	8.9	64
2007	73	20.9	58
2008	87	8.2	80
2009	90	12.5	81
2010	88	22.5	71
2011	88	16.9	75
2012	99	12.8	89
2013	102	13.8	92
2014	110	17.3	97
2015	117	24.0	99
2016	116	29.2	94
2017	117	22.7	99
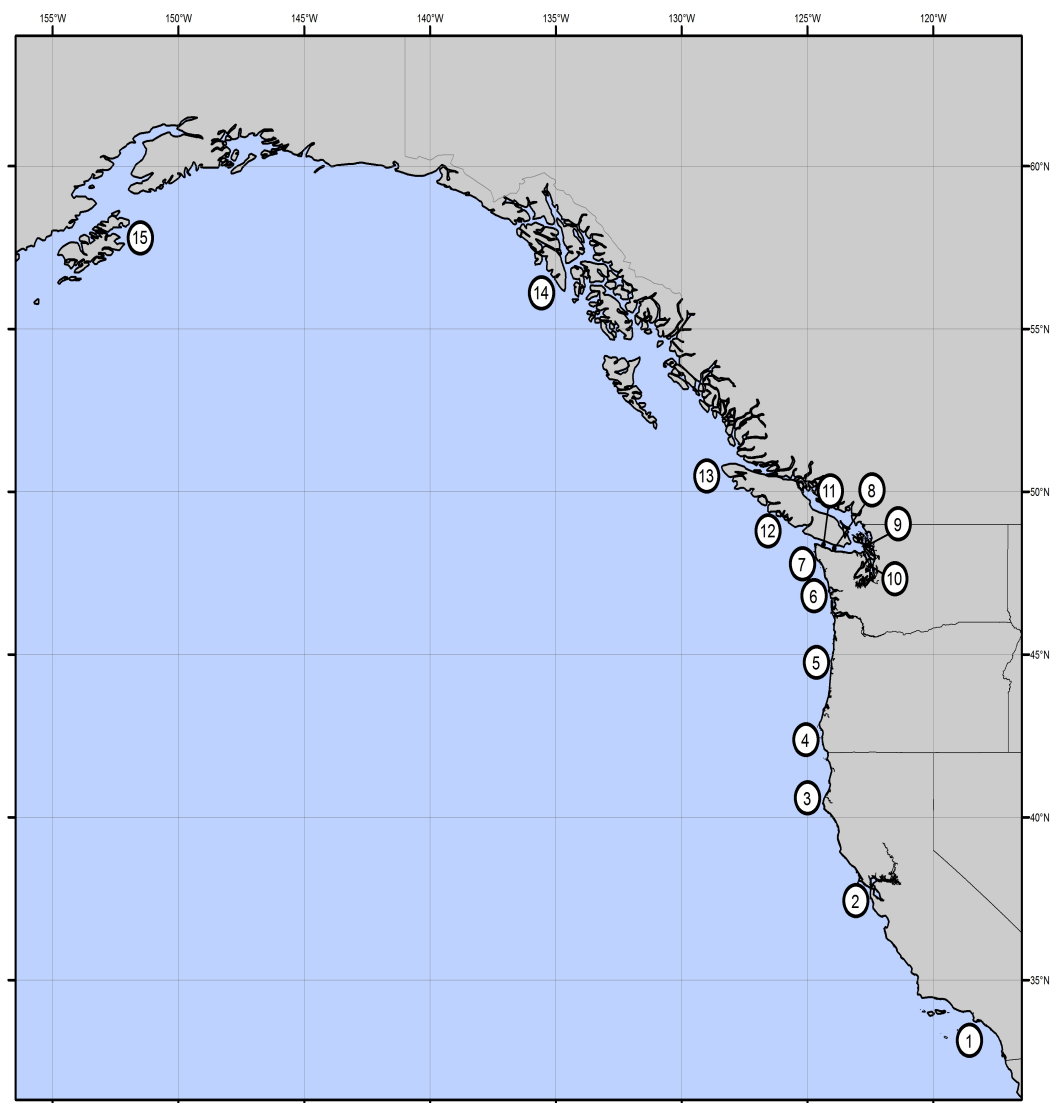
Figure 1: Locations for photo-identifications of gray whales. Numbers refer to values in Table 3.
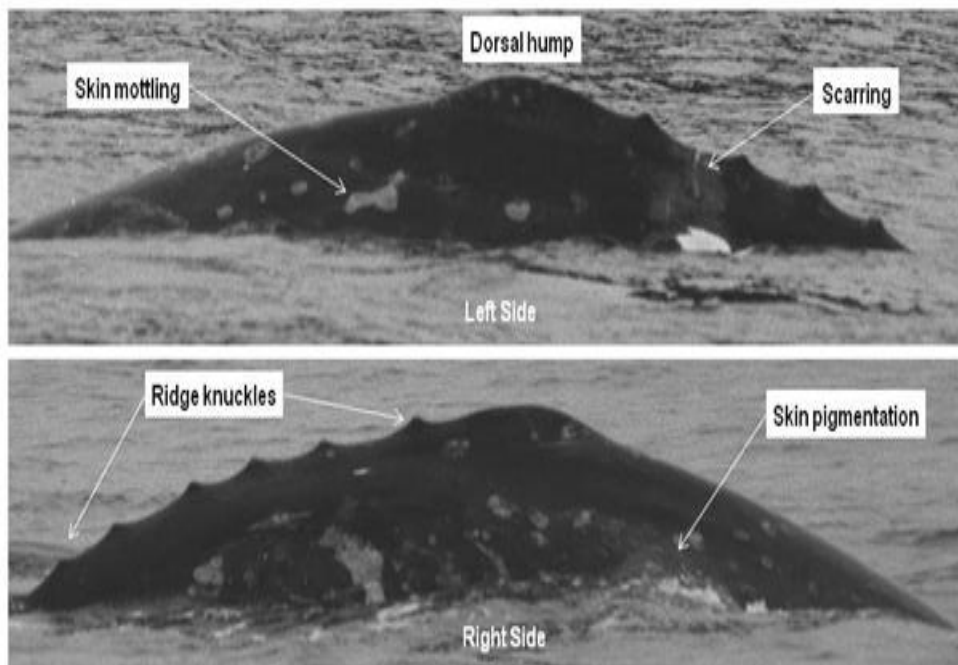
Figure 2: Characteristics used for gray whale photo-identification.
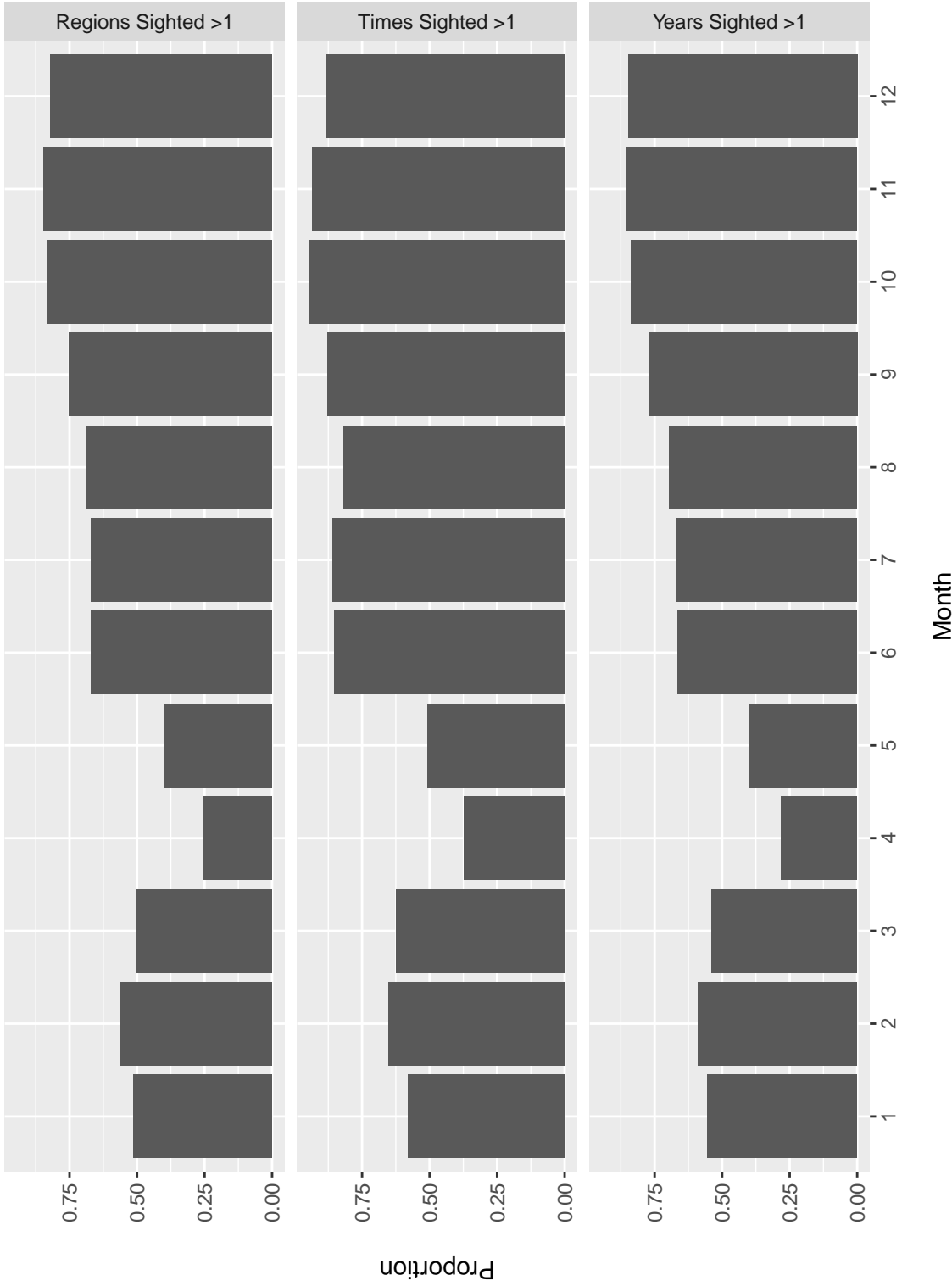
Figure 3: Monthly measures of proportion of whales that were seen in more than one region, seen on more than one day and seen in more than one year. The values include sightings from 1996-2017 in all regions from California to Alaska. Lower values imply whales were simply migrating through the area in a short time frame and were thus less likely to be seen at other times and in other regions. Values are not shown for months with fewer than 20 sightings. Whales seen more often are over-represented because they are used in each month they were seen. For example a whale seen in June, July and August will be in each summary. Thus, these values may be larger than values computed without splitting by month (e.g., overall proportion of whales seen in more than one year).

Figure 4: Region and monthly measures of proportion of whales that were seen in more than one region, seen on more than one day and seen in more than one year. The values include sightings from 1996-2017 in all regions from California to Alaska. Lower values imply whales were simply migrating through the area in a short time frame and were thus less likely to be seen at other times and in other regions. Values are not shown for months with fewer than 20 sightings. Whales seen more often are over-represented because they are used in each month they were seen. For example a whale seen in June, July and August will be in each summary. Thus, these values may be larger than values computed without splitting by month (e.g., overall proportion of whales seen in more than one year).

Figure 5: Proportion of the 62 unique whales seen in NWA during the spring and in the PCFG after 1 June that were seen in each PCFG sub-region after 1 June at least once from 1996-2017.
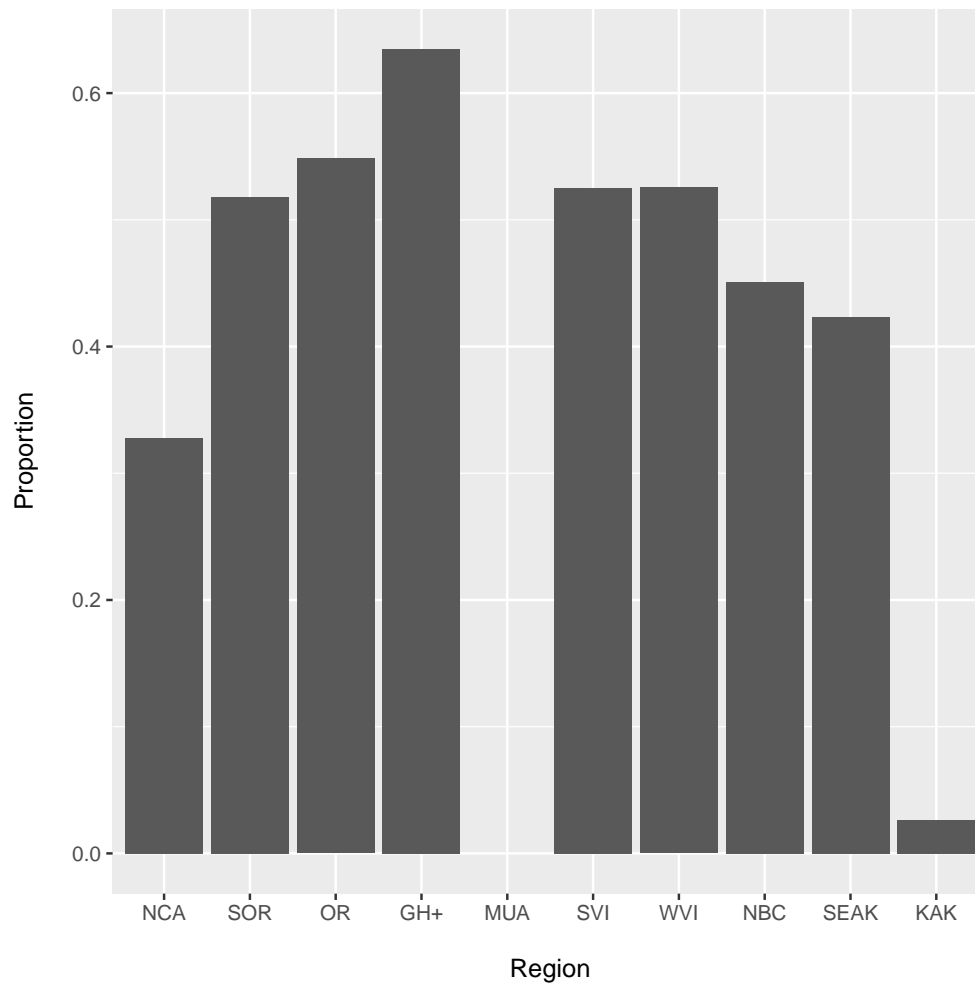
Figure 6: Proportion of whales in sub-regions from NCA to KAK that have been seen in the MUA using sightings after 1 June from 1996-2017.
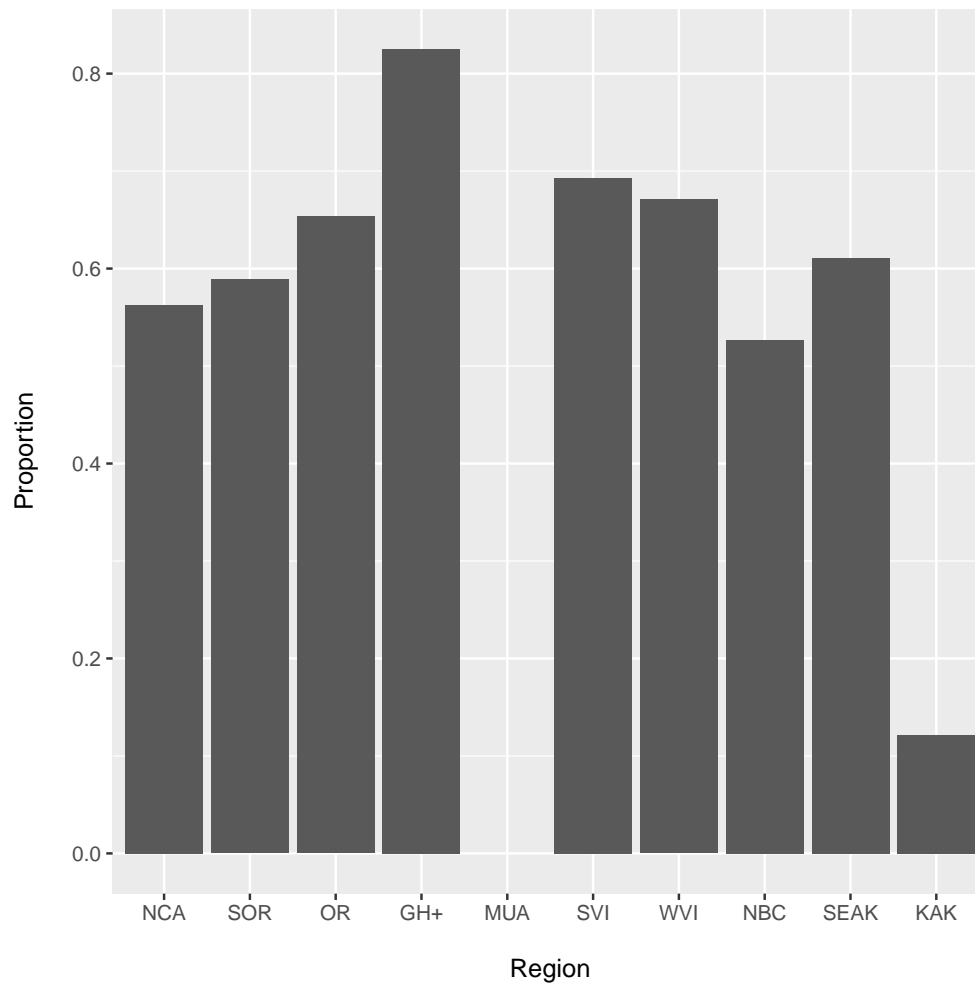
Figure 7: Proportion of whales seen in at least 2 years in sub-regions from NCA to KAK that have been seen in the MUA using sightings after 1 June from 1996-2017.
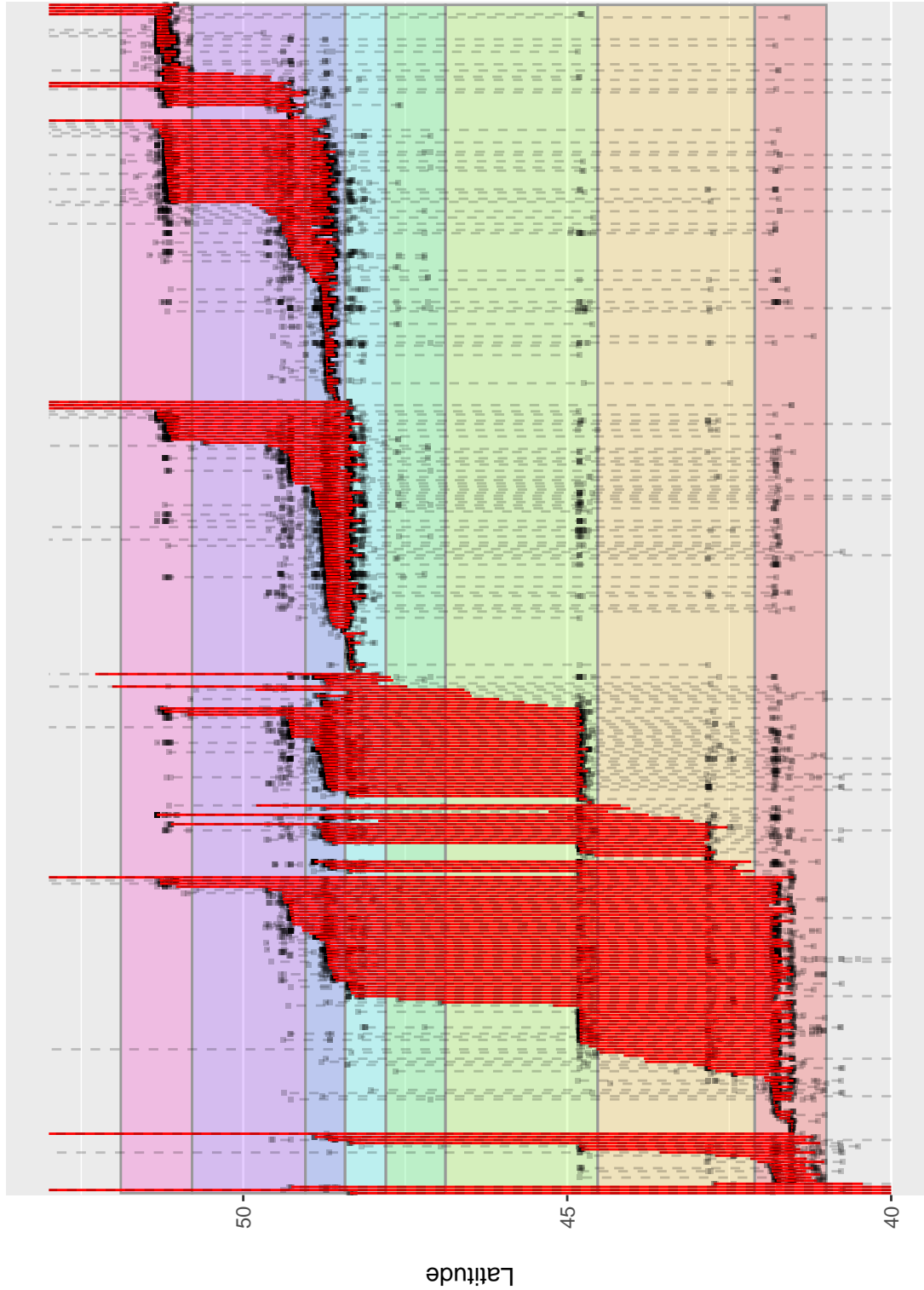
Figure 8: Distribution of latitudes of sightings (points) for whales with 6 or more sightings after 1 June from 1996-2017, the 75% inner quantile (solid thick line), and full range (light dashed line). Each position on the x axis represents an individual whale. Whales have been arranged on the plot by sorting first on the lower bound of the inner quantile (to a half-degree) and then the upper bound of the quantile. This has the effect of sorting from south to north and clusters whales with smaller quantile ranges followed by whales with larger ranges.
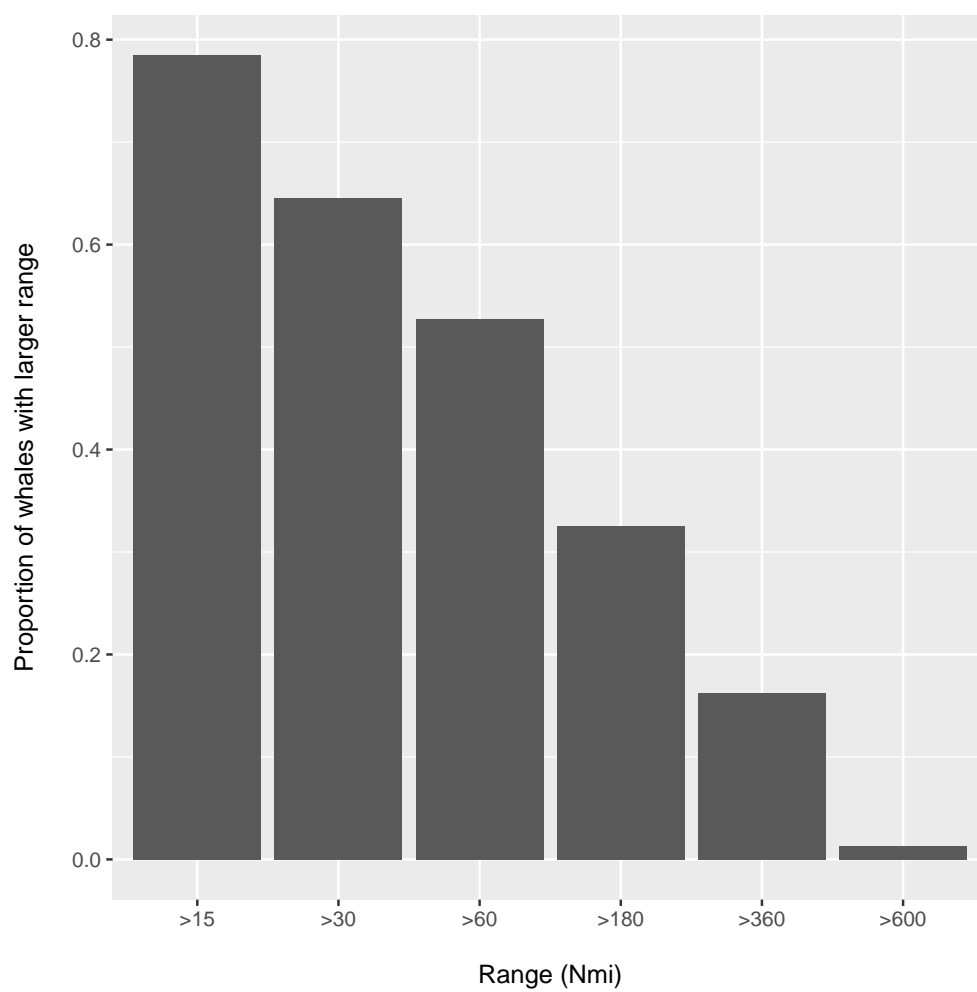
Figure 9: Distribution of ranges of 75% inner quantiles of latitudes expressed in nautical miles for whales sighted on 6 or more days during 1996-2017.
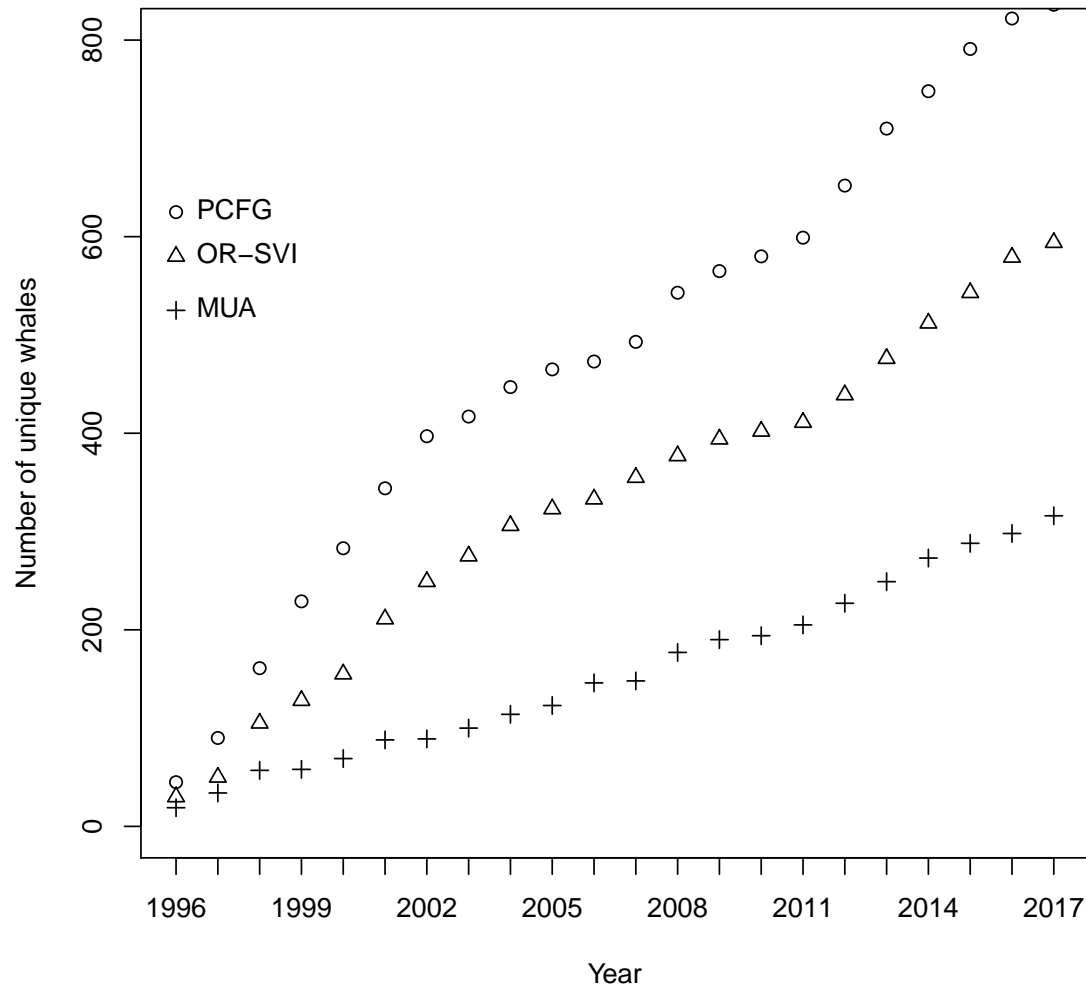
Figure 10: Discovery curves for unique whales seen in PCFG, OR-SVI and MUA for 1996-2017.
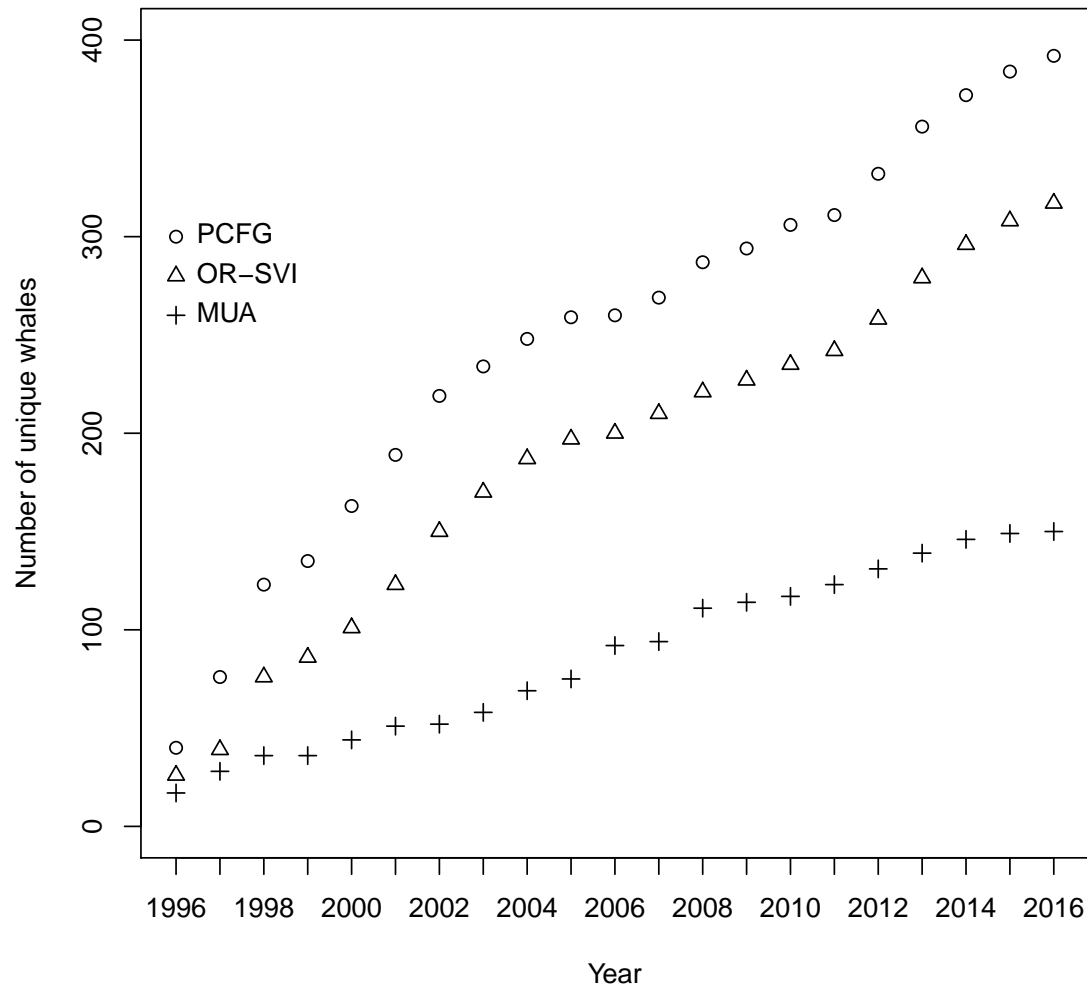
Figure 11: Discovery curves for unique recruited whales seen in PCFG, OR-SVI and MUA for 1996-2017.
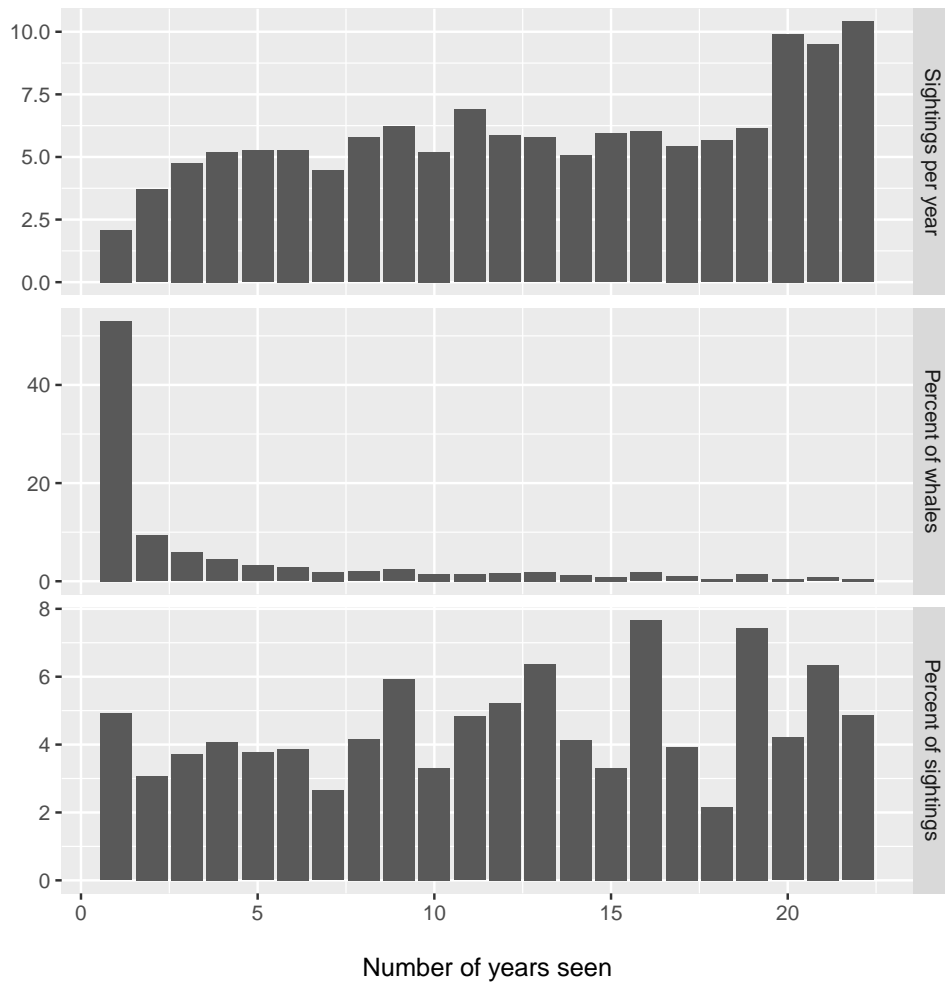
Figure 12: Average number of sightings per year and distribution of whales and numbers of sightings based on numbers of years a whale was seen in NCA-NBC between June-November during 1996-2017.
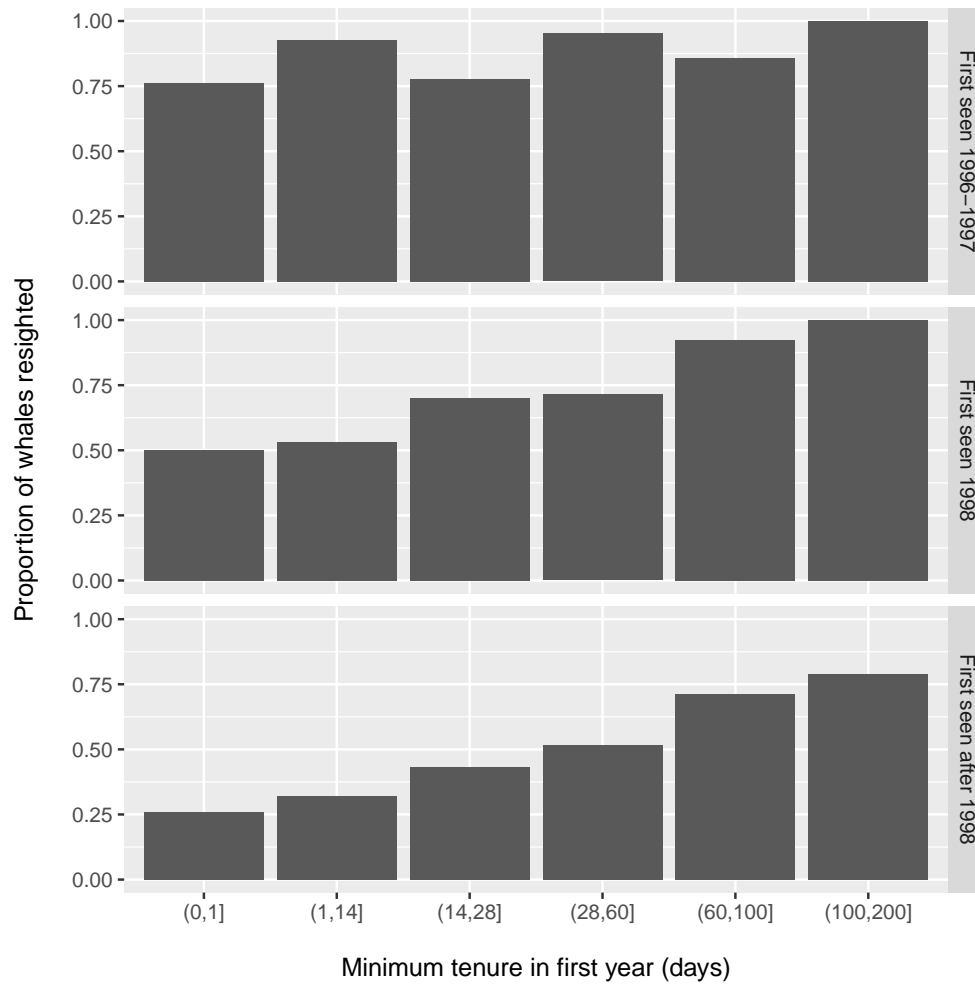
Figure 13: Influence of minimum tenure (MT) in the first year the whale was pho-
tographed on the probability it will be re-sighted in one or more following years for whales
seen in NCA-NBC for June-November 1996-2017. The bar graphs are divided based on
first year in 1996-1997, 1998 and after 1998. Re-sightings for 2017 are used but initial
sightings for 2017 are excluded because there are no data beyond to evaluate re-sighting
probability.
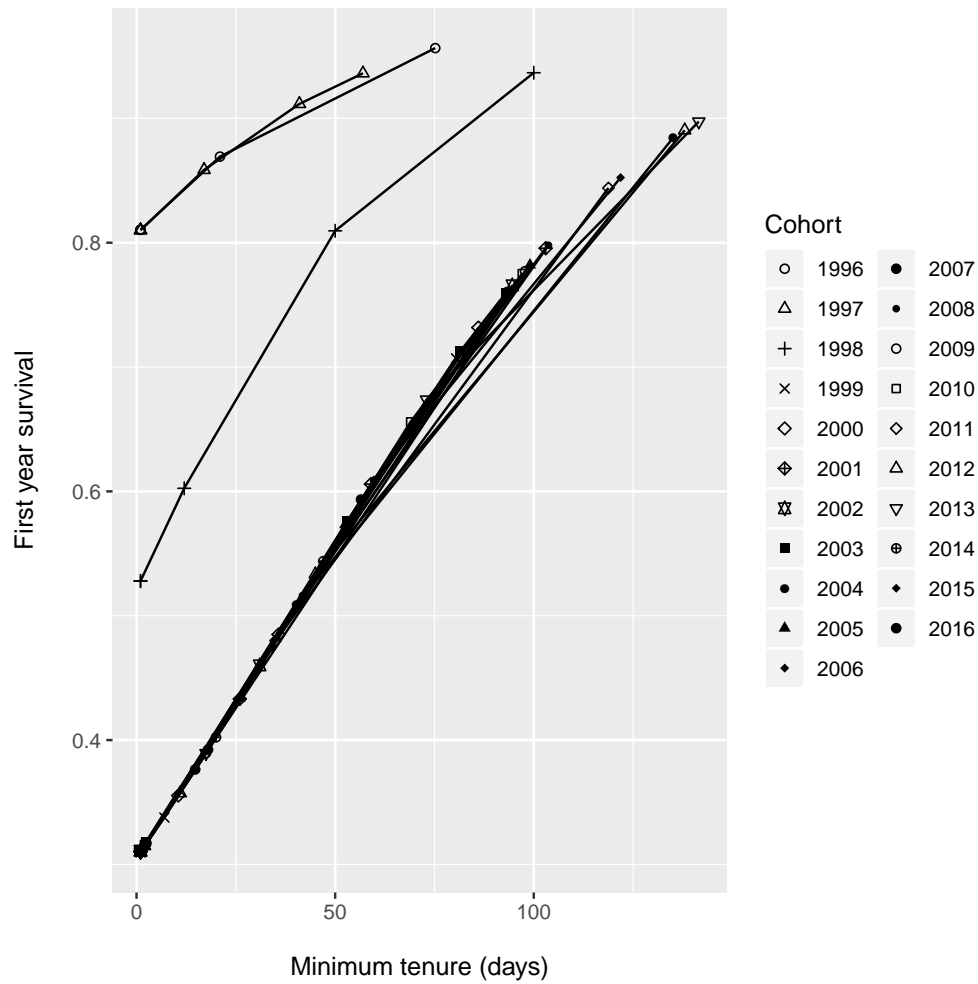
Figure 14: For NCA-NBC analysis of 1996-2017 data, model-averaged estimates of first year survival of non-calves for each cohort at 5%, 25%, 50%, 75%, and 95% quantiles of minimum tenure values for that cohort.
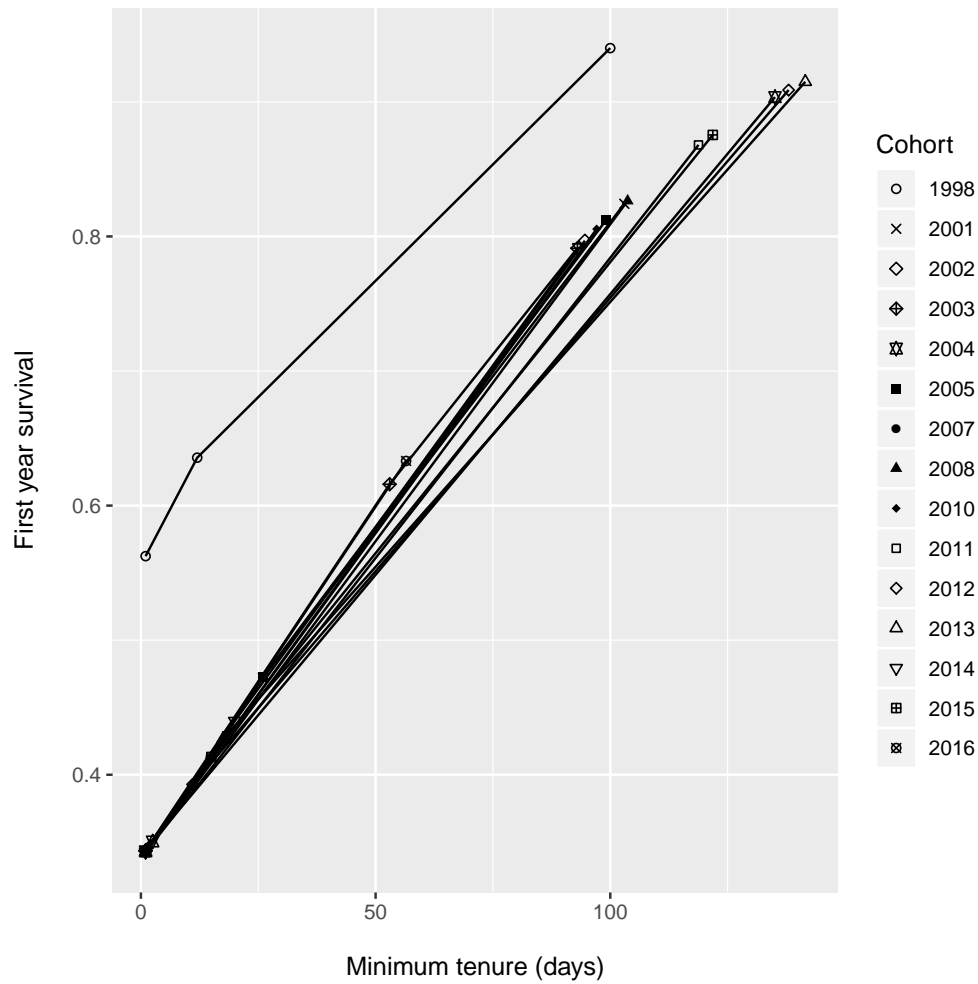
Figure 15: For NCA-NBC analysis of 1996-2017 data, model-averaged estimates of first year survival of calves for each cohort at 5%, 25%, 50%, 75%, and 95% quantiles of minimum tenure values for that cohort.
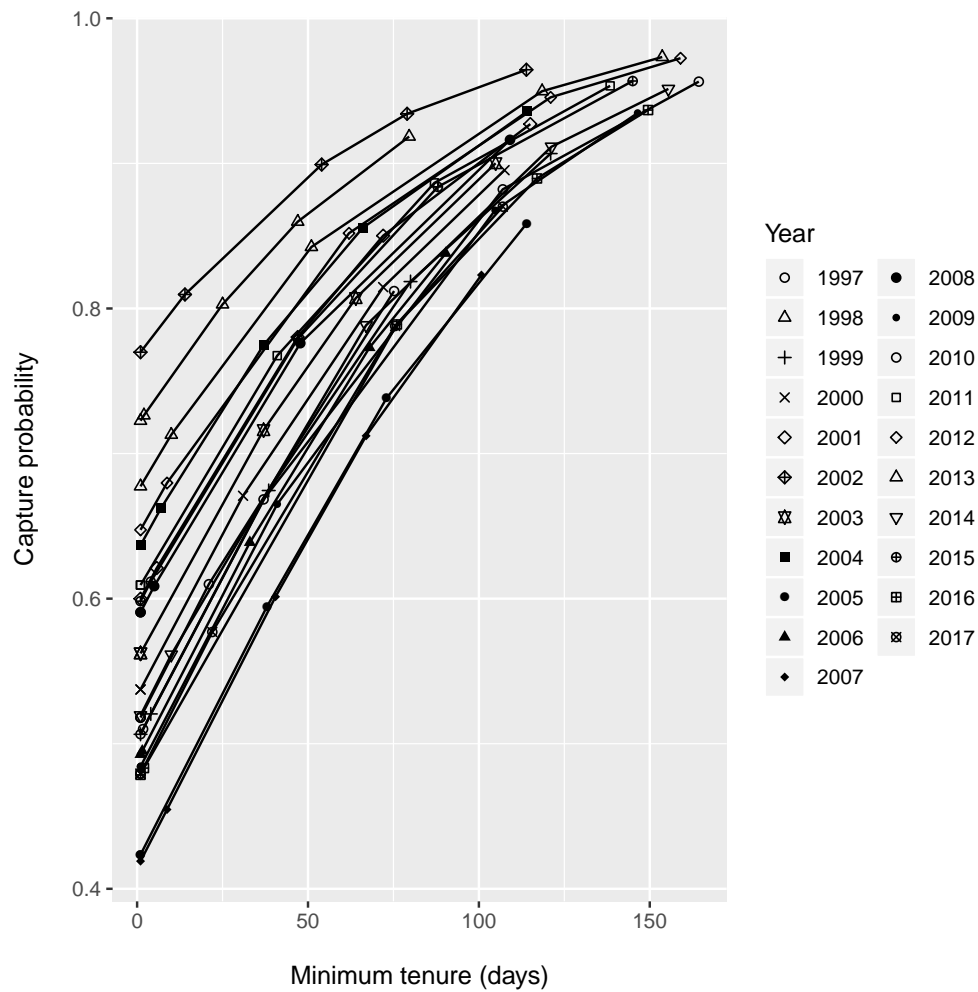
Figure 16: For NCA-NBC analysis of 1996-2017 data, model-averaged estimates of capture probability for each year at 5%, 25%, 50%, 75%, and 95% quantiles of minimum tenure values for whales in the previous year.
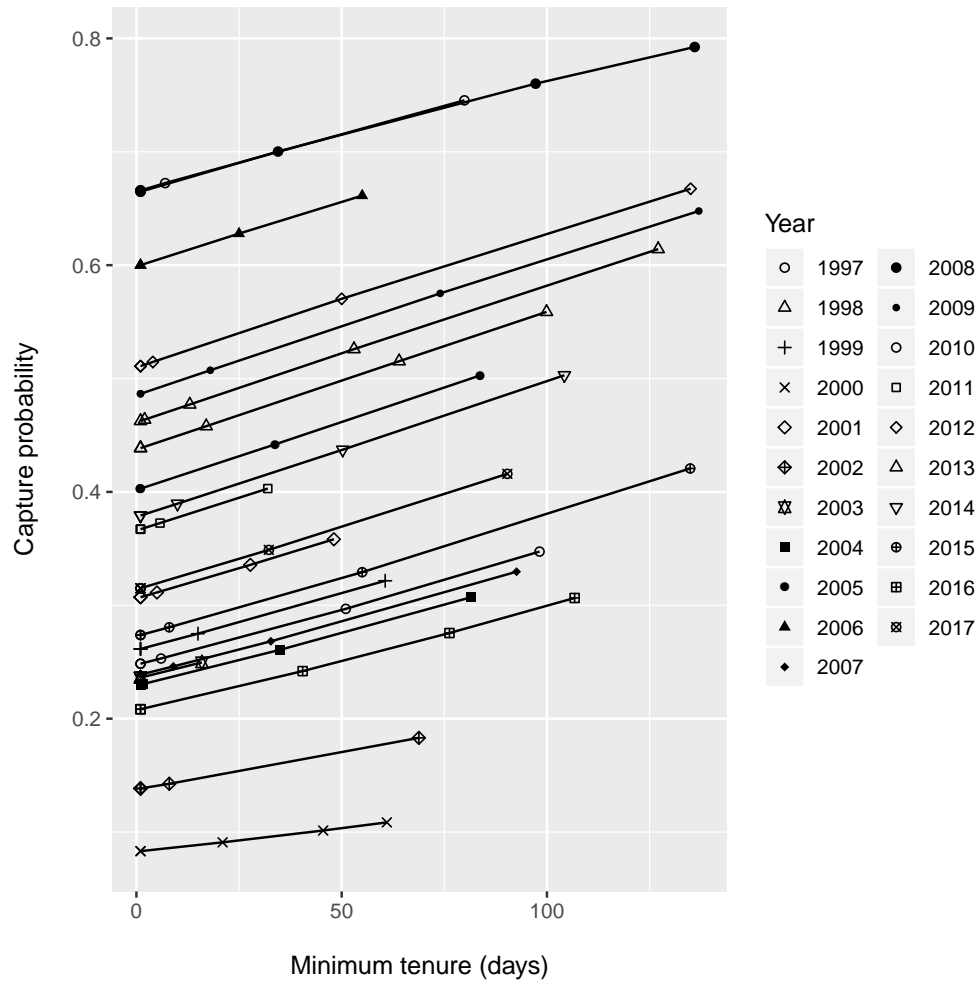
Figure 17: For MUA analysis of 1996-2017 data, model-averaged estimates of capture probability for each year at 5%, 25%, 50%, 75%, and 95% quantiles of minimum tenure values for whales in the previous year.
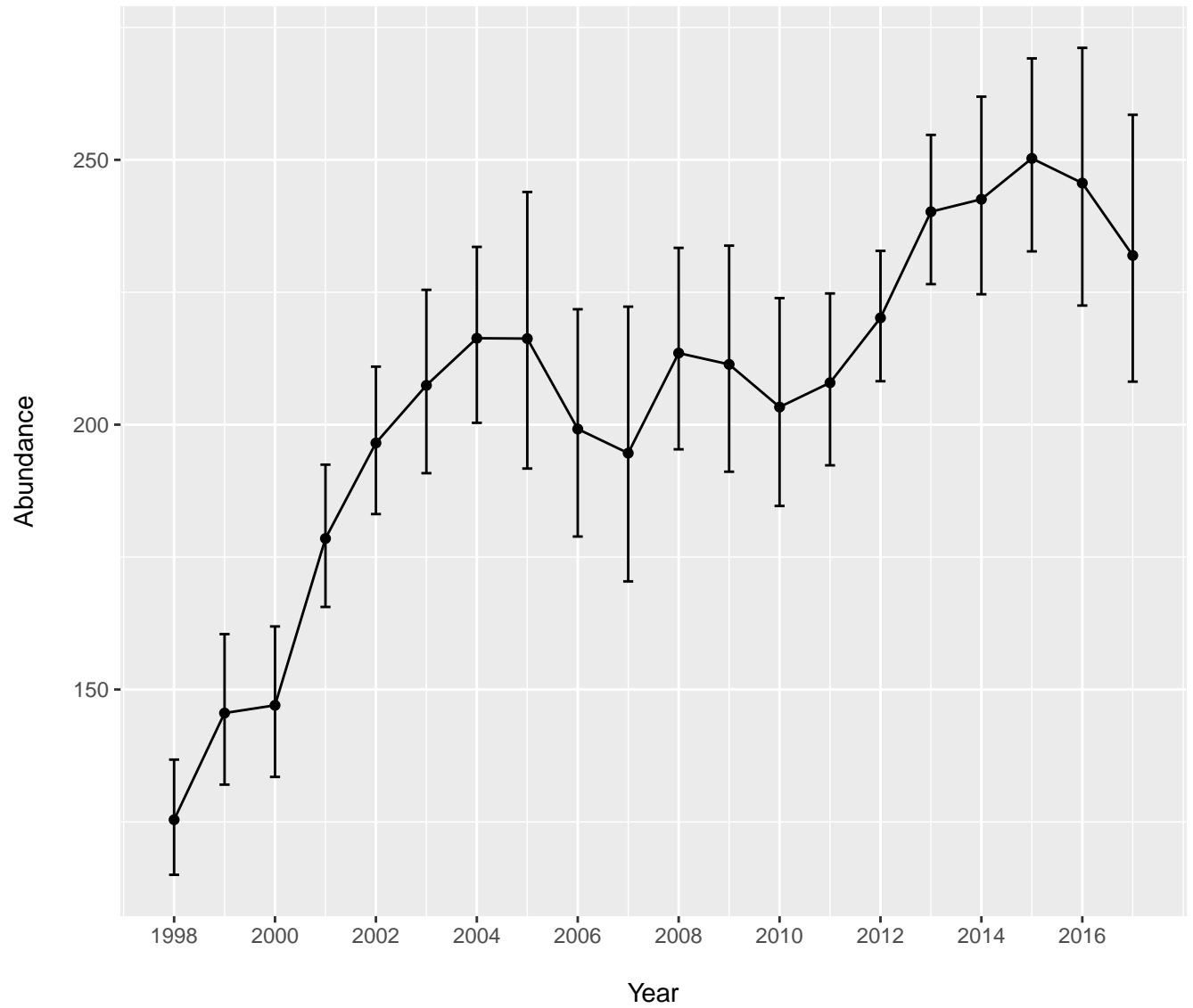
Figure 18: Annual abundance estimates for 1998-2017 in NCA-NBC using the open (Jolly-Seber; POPAN parametrization) population model approach JS1.

Appendix

Table 1 provides capture histories of whales seen in the PCFG at least once from 1 June - 30 November and displays by year, when they were seen only in spring (March-May), only from 1 June - 30 Nov and when they were seen in both time periods. Table 2 provides capture histories using data from 1 June - 30 Nov of whales seen in the MUA at least once. It shows when whales were seen only outside of the MUA but in the PCFG, only in the MUA and both inside the MUA and in the PCFG outside of the MUA

Table 1: Sighting histories of whales seen in the PCFG in at least one year. In year columns, a 1 means the whale was only sighted in the spring (March-May), 2 means it was only seen in June-Nov, and 3 means it was seen in both March-May and June-Nov. The region value is the number of years the whale was seen in that region. Row name is the CRC ID number.

ID	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
1																															1								1		1
4																															1						1	1			2
5																															1								1		1
6							2					2		3	2		2		1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2					15	7	5	4	3	1	1				6
10																															1							1			1
11																															1							1			1
14		2			3	3		2	1		1		3	2	2		2														10		1	1	6	2			1	1	6
15		2	2					2	2	2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2													13					2	1	10	5	1	5
16		2																													1					1					1
17		2																													1					1					1
22			2																					1							2							2			1
25			2																												1							1			1
30			2		2		2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2	2		2	2	3		23				1		2	9	12	9	5
32							2				2	2			2	2	2			1							2		1		10							3		7	2
33																															1							1			1
37	2				2				2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		2		2	3	2	3	2		2			19					1	3	9	10	3	5
39			2																												1							1			1
40			2																												1							1			1
41			2	2	2				2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	2			22					2	4	16	7	7	5
42			2			2	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2										18	1				1	6	15	7	4	6
43			2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2														15		1	1		5	1	11	3	1	7
61						3																									1			1							1
64		1				3					1																				3			3							1
65						1		3														2									3	1		2							2
66						2					1																				2			2							1
67						2		2	2		2			2		2	2	3					2	2	2	2	2				14	1	1	2		6	7	4	3		7
68						2	1	2		2	2																				5	2	3								2
71		1														2															2						1		1		2
73							3	1	2					2	2		2			2	2			2	2	2	2				13	3			1	3			4	2	5
76							2	2	2			2			2	2	2	2	2	1											10	2	3			5	1	6	2		6
79							2	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2													12					3	3	4	3	9	5
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81							2		2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2			2			2				2	16					5	3	9	8	3	5
82							2																								1							1			1
83							2	3		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2				2										12		2	1		5	1	1	6	5	7
84							2	1		2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2				23		2	4		10	1	21	5		6
85							2				2	2																			4						1	2	3	2	4
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97							2																								1							1			1
98				2		2								2	2							2	2	2	2	2	2				9							2	1	7	3
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104							2																								1							1			1
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106							2																								1							1			1
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112							2																								1							1			1
113							3	1																							2							2			1
117							3	1																							2							2			1
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Table 1: Sighting histories of whales seen in the PCFG in at least one year. In year columns, a 1 means the whale was only sighted in the spring (March-May), 2 means it was only seen in June-Nov, and 3 means it was seen in both March-May and June-Nov. The region value is the number of years the whale was seen in that region. Row name is the CRC ID number.

ID	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
126			2							2	2		2			2		2			2			2							7	2		1				1		5	4
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135							2			2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2		2	2	21				1	1	1	16	13	5	6
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190									2		1																				2							2			1
191										1		1			2	2	2	2	2												7				1	1	1	5	1	1	6
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209								2	2	2																					3						2	1	2		3
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215										1		2			2	2		2		2											7	2	3	3	1	1	1				6
216									2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2														9					2	3	4	1	7	5
217								2																							1							1			1
218								2																							1							1			1
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228										2																					1							1			1
229							2			2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2											2			11						1	4	2	7	4

Cont.

Table 1: Sighting histories of whales seen in the PCFG in at least one year. In year columns, a 1 means the whale was only sighted in the spring (March-May), 2 means it was only seen in June-Nov, and 3 means it was seen in both March-May and June-Nov. The region value is the number of years the whale was seen in that region. Row name is the CRC ID number.

	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
231											3	3			3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3				2	16	2	7	3		4		8			5
232											2		2	2		2								3			2	2			7	1					1	5	3		4
233										2	2																				2							1		1	2
234										2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2			2		2			2	2	2	2		15	1		1	1			14	2		5
235											1									2											2							2			1
236						2			2	2	2							2													5						1	1	1	5	4
237								2	2	2	2		2	2	2	3	2														9						1	2	2	9	4
238						2			2	2	2			2	2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2		2	2	1	3		2	18							12	8	8	3
239											2																				1						1				1
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244						2			2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2		22					5	5	15	12	9	5
246											2																				1								1	1	2
249											2																				1							1			1
250											2																				1							1			1
251											2																				1						1				1
252											2																				1							1			1
253											2																				1							1			1
254									2		2	2	2	2	2			2			3			2	2	3	3	2	2	2	16	2	1	2				3	11	10	6
255											2																				1							1			1
261															2		2						2		2	2					5	3				1			1	2	4
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267											2																				1							1			1
268											2																				1							1			1
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282				2																											1	1									1
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284				2									2	2																	3	3									1
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286				2					2				2	2	2		2	2				3	2	2	2		2	2			13	8			4				2	1	4
287				2																											1	1									1
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297											2	2		2	2	2		2	2		2	2		2	2	1	2	3	2		15	5	2	10		1					4
298											2																				1							1			1
300											2	3	3		2			2	2	2											8	2				2	1	5	2		5
301											2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2													8	2	1	3		2		3	2		6
302											2	3	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3				16	1		9	1	7	1	10	4	3	8
303											2	2		2	2	2		2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		2	17	1	1	8		1		5	5		6
304											2																	1			1							1			1
306											2	2	2	2	2	2	2			2		2									9							2	6	4	3
307											2									1											2								2		1
308						2			2	2	2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2			2	2		1	2		2	17			1	3			2	2	3	6	8	7
309											2	2			3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		3	2	2	2	2		2	16	2		2		1		6	8	4	6
310											2	2																			2	1							1		2

Cont.

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	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
311											2	2	2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	19	6		5	1	4			4	11	6
312											2			2								2									3	1							2	1	3
314							2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2							2	2	2			2				13							2	1	12	3
315									2	2	2	2	2	2	2		2		2												9							1	3	8	3
316											2																				1								1		1
317											2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3		3	3	2	3	2	3	2	19		2	6		4	2		12	14	6
319											2		2	2	2	2	2		2		2	2	2	2	2	2			2		14	5	2	5		4			4	4	6
320											2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2													8							4	4	5	3
321									2	2	2																				3							1	1	3	3
322											2		2		2		2	2	2		2	2	2			2					10							4	3	8	3
323					2				2	2					2	2	2		2												7								1	7	2
324					2				2	2	2	3		2	2	2	2			2			2	2	1		2	2			15						1	1	2	13	4
325									2	2			2	2	2	2	2	2					1		2	2					11							1	1	10	3
326					2				2	2	2																				4									4	1
327					2				2	2			2	2		2	2	2	2		2			2	2		2				13						1	1	3	12	4
328					2				2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2			21						1	7	5	13	4
329									2	2				2	2				2				2			2					7							3	1	6	3
330									2	2				2			2				3			2			2	2			8	2	1	2	1					4	5
351												2																			1								1		1
355												2																			1							1			1
356												2																			1			1							1
361												2																			1	1									1
362												2																			1	1									1
363												2																			1	1									1
364												2	2		2			2		2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	14	7	2	12		1					4
365												2	2	2	2	2				2	2	3	3	3	1	3	2				15	15	3	1							3
366												2		2	2					2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2				11	4	1	5		2		1	6	1	7
368												3	1	3	2		2					2	2	2	2	2	2				11	2	4	2	4			1			5
372												2	3		2	2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	17			2		1	1	10	13	4	6
373												2																			1							1			1
374												2																			1	1		1							2
375												2																			1	1									1
376												2																			1			1							1
377												2																			1	1									1
378												2																			1	1									1
379												2																			1	1									1
380												2																			1	1									1
382												2				1															2								1	1	2
384												2																			1									1	1
385												2																			1									1	1
392												2		2	2	2	2			2											6	1	2	1		1			2	1	6
393												2																			1									1	1
396													2	3	2	2	2		2		2	2	2	2	2		2	2	1		14				1	1	9	6	13	2	6
407												2																			1	1									1
408												2																			1			1							1
411												2	2	2	2				2	2	2	3	3								9	8		3							2
412												2																			1	1									1
419												2																			1			1							1
424												2																			1								1		1
427												2																			1								1		1
428												2																			1	1									1
429												2																			1	1		1							2
432												2																			1	1									1
433												2																			1								1		1
434												2																			1								1		1
439												2																			1	1									1
440												2																			1	1									1
444												2																			1	1									1
448												2																			1	1									1

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	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
449												2																			1	1									1
450												2																			1	1									1
451												2	2																		2								2		1
460												2																			1			1							1
464												1	2		2						2	2	3	2	2	3		3			10	8	1	2			1	1			5
468												2																			1	1									1
470												2																			1	1									1
471												2																			1	1									1
474												2																			1	1									1
476												2																			1	1									1
477												2																			1								1		1
478												2																			1	1									1
480												2																			1								1		1
483												2																			1								1		1
485												2																			1								1		1
489												2																			1	1		1							2
490												2																			1								1		1
495													2																		1								1		1
496													2																		1								1		1
502													2																		1								1		1
506													2																		1								1		1
507													2	2																	2						1	2			2
508													2																		1				1	1					2
510													2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	17	4	3	2	2	10	1	12	4		8
511													2																		1							1	1		2
514													2																		1	1									1
515													3	3	2																3						1	1	2	1	4
516													2																		1						1				1
518													2																		1								1		1
519													2																		1								1		1
525													2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2	2			14	1		1	1	1	1	8	9	1	8
527													2																		1								1		1
528													2																		1								1		1
529										2		2	2																		3							2	2		2
532													2	2	2	2	2	2			2	2	2	2	2	2	2		2	2	16	4	4	4		10		8	2		6
537													2			2				2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	1		2	12	8	4	2		1					4
538													2	2	2		2														4						1			3	2
542													2		2																2						1		1		2
551													2		2		2				2	3	2	2	2	2			3	2	11	7	4	4		1	1	3	1		7
552													2		2		2	2													4	2							2		2
553													2																		1	1									1
554									2				2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	3	2			17	7	4	2	1	4		3	2	2	8
555													2		2	2			2		2	2	2	2	3						9	8	3	2					1		4
556													2																		1	1									1
557													2																		1	1									1
558													2																		1	1									1
559													2																		1	1									1
560													2																		1	1									1
561													2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3					14	6		3	1	5		11	4		6
562													2		2		2														3	2	1								2
563													3																		1	1									1
564													2																		1	1									1
565													2		2				2			2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	12	8	3			8	1				4
566													2				2						2								3	2							1		2
567														2	2	2															3							2	3	1	3
569														2																	1								1		1
570														3																	1								1		1
571														3																	1								1		1
572												2	3	2	2																4								3	3	2

Cont.

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	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
573													2					1													2				1			1			2
574													2																		1							1			1
575													2																		1							1			1
576													2																		1					1		1			2
577													3	2																	2							2			1
578													3																		1							1			1
580													3																		1							1			1
581													2			2	2	1	2	2					3	2	2				9						1	3	4	2	4
582													2																		1							1			1
583													2	2	2		3	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	1	3	3	2		16	1		1		1	2	12	10		6
584													2	2		2	2	2	2												6							3	2	4	3
586													3	3																	2							2			1
587													2	3																	2						1	1	1		3
589													3																		1							1			1
590													2																		1							1			1
591													3																		1							1			1
592													2																		1					1		1			2
593													2																		1							1			1
594									2	2			2	2	2	2	2	2	1												9							4	1	8	3
595													2																		1					1		1			2
596													2	2																	2					1		1	1		3
597											2		2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2			16							3	11	8	3
598													2																		1							1			1
599													2																		1							1			1
600													2																		1							1			1
601										2			2			2	2	2	3					1							7							5	1	3	3
602													2																		1		1								1
603													2																		1		1								1
604													2			2						2									3	1						1	1		3
605													2	2	2			1													5						4	2	2	1	4
606													2																		1								1	1	2
607													2	2																	2	1					2				2
608													2																		1	1									1
610													2																		1								1		1
611													2					2			2	2	2	2	2	2		2	2		10	6	2	6				1	1		5
612											2		2	2	2	2								2	2	2	2	2	2		11					3	5	3	2	6	5
613													2	3	3																3							3	1		2
614													2																		1							1			1
615													2	2							2	2	2	2	2	2		2			9	8						1			2
617													2																		1	1						1			2
618													2																		1							1			1
619													2																		1	1									1
620													2																		1								1	1	2
621													2																		1	1									1
622													2																		1	1									1
623													2																		1	1									1
625													2	2																	2						1			1	2
626													2																		1		1								1
628											2		2	2	2	2				2					2		3				8							1		8	2
629					2						2		2	2	2					2					2						7									7	1
635															2	2	2	2	2	2											6		1	2				2	2	1	5
637															3	2	3	2					2	2							6			1		1	1	6	1		5
638													2		2	2															3	1	2	1							3
639													2						2			2						2			4	2	1	1							3
640													2																		1	1									1
641													2	2	2																3	2					1		1		3
642													2	2																	2	1	1								2
643													2	2	2		2			2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2		2		13	8			1	1	2	3	4		6
645													2																		1	1									1

Cont.

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	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
646																2															1	1									1
651							2	2						2	2																4									4	1
653								2						2	2	2					2				2	2			3		8								4	7	2
654																2															1		1								1
655																2	2														2		1					1			2
656																2	2														2		2								1
657																2	2		1		1	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	15	6	9	2	3						4
658																2															1		1								1
659																2		2			2	2	2	3	2		2		2		9	3	8	2		1			3	1	6
660																2															1		1								1
661																2															1		1								1
664																2															1	1									1
668																2		2			2		1		2		3	2			7	2	2	2		2			1		5
669																2	2	2			2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	2		14		13	1	1				1		4
670																2			2												2	1	2								2
671					2											2	2	2			2					1					6								1	5	2
674						2										2	2	2													4									4	1
675								2								2	2	2			3										5								1	5	2
676																2															1									1	1
681																2															1								1	1	2
682																3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	16	1			2	1	7	7	15	7	7
684																2			2												2								2	1	2
685																2															1								1	1	2
686																2															1								1	1	2
687																2		2	2	2	2	2	2								7						1	1	4	3	4
688																2	2	2	3	2	2	2		2	2	2	2		2	2	13	1	1	2		4	3	11	3	1	8
689																2															1							1			1
691																2	2	2			2										4							3	1		2
694												2				2	2	2	2	1	3	2		1		2	2	2	1	2	15	1		2				10	2	9	5
695																2															1								1		1
696																2	2	2	3	3		2	2	2	2	3	2				11	4		2		6	8	11	1		6
697																3				1						3					3							1	3		2
698																2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	16	5		2	7	2	5		10	4	7
699																2	2	2	2												4	1							2	1	3
700																2															1	1									1
701																2		2			3	2		1					2		6	2		2	1	3			2		5
702																2															1	1									1
703																2		2			2		2		2	2					7	5		2							2
704																2															1	1									1
705																2															1	1									1
706																2															1	1									1
707																2															1	1									1
708																2															1	1									1
709																2	2														2	1							1		2
710																2															1	1									1
711																2															1	1									1
712																2	2		2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2			12	3				1	1		4	8	5
713																2															1								1		1
714																2			2	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	13	4	2	3	1	8	2	4	6		8
715																2			1												2							1	1		2
717																2								2		1					3								2	1	2
718													2			2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3				13					1	1	9	5	3	5
719																2	2			2	1	2	3	3	2	1	3	3	2		15						2	1	13	9	4
720																2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	16	1		1	3	1	8	5	13	9	8
723																				1						2					2								1	1	2
759									2							2	2	2		2		3	2	2			2		2		11						2	2	2	7	4
760																2	2	2	2						3						5							1		5	2
761					2		2									2	2	2		2					2	2					8									8	1
762	2	2		2												2	2	2						1	2						8	1						1		6	3

Cont.

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CRC ID	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
763						2			2			2			2	2			2												6								1	6	2
764								2																							1									1	1
765				2																											1									1	1
767										2																					1							1			1
768										3																					1							1			1
769										2																					1									1	1
773										2																					1							1			1
776												2																			1							1			1
777												2																			1							1			1
780																				2	2	3	2	3	2	2		3			8	8	1		1						3
781																2															1		1								1
782																2	2		2												3						1	2	1		3
785																3	2	3													3						1	3	2		3
786																2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	15	1			3	7	3	13	2		6
787																3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	2	2		14	2	1	3		4	6	8	2	1	8
788																2		2													2					2		1			2
789																3		2	3	1		2	3	3	3	2					10					6	1	10	4		4
791																2	2	2			2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2		12	5		1		4	3	10	2		6
792																2	2														2							2			1
793																2															1							1			1
794																2															1							1			1
795																2	2														2							2			1
797																2	2	2	2	2	3	2				2	2	1			10					2	1	1	7	3	5
799							2									2															2								2		1
800																2	2	2													3			1			1	1		1	4
802																2															1									1	1
803																2	2			2											3				2					2	2
805													2																		1								1		1
806													2																		1								1		1
807													2																		1								1		1
808													2																		1								1		1
810																2															1								1		1
811																2															1								1		1
812																2															1								1		1
813																2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3			14	2		6		8	4	12	6		6
814																2															1							1			1
815																2									2						2							2			1
816																2															1							1			1
818																2	2	3	1												4						1	4			2
819																2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	1			13	1	1			4	7	8	4		6
820																2		1													2							2			1
821																2															1							1			1
823																2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	1	2		14	2		1	2	11	2	5	5		7
824																2	2			2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2			12	3		1		5	6	10	4		6
826																2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2		14	1			1	7	7	12	4		6
827																							2			2					2	1					1	1			3
831																2															1		1								1
832																2															1			1							1
834																				2				2	2						3	1							2	1	3
839																2	2														2								1	1	2
840																2		2	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	2					10	7	1	2		4	1	4			6
841																2											2				2								1	1	2
842																2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2		3		2		12						5	8	9	6	4
846																2															1								1		1
847																2															1						1				1
850														2		2		2													3							2		1	2
851																2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2				11	2		1		1	5	5	6		6
854																2			2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2			11	6	3	7		2		1	1		6
855																2															1								1		1

Cont.

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	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
857																		2	2	3											3							1	3		2
858																2	2														2						2	1			2
859																2	2														2								1	1	2
860															2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2		15			6		5	1	9	4		5
861																		2													1							1			1
862																		3													1							1	1		2
863																		2													1								1		1
864																		2													1							1	1		2
866																		2	2	1	2		2	2	1	1					8						4	1	3	4	4
872																		2	2		3				3		2				5		1	1		5		2			4
877																		2	2	3	3	2	1							6							2	4	1	3
878																		2	2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2		12		1	2		6	5	7	7		6
880																		2	2												2							1	2		2
881																	2														1							1			1
882																		2	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		12						3	4	12	6	4
884																	2														1							1			1
893																							2		2						2	2		1							2
899						2												2													2									2	1
900																		2					2			2					3									3	1
901																		2													1									1	1
902																		2													1									1	1
918																							2	1							2	1								1	2
932																			3	3	2	2		3							5						1	3	4	2	4
935																			2												1							1			1
939																			2												1								1		1
959																			1					2	3	1					4						4				1
963																			2												1								1	1	2
964																			2												1								1		1
965																			2												1								1		1
967																			2												1								1		1
970																			2												1			1							1
971																	2														1									1	1
973																				2				2							2	1	1								2
974																				2				1		2		2			4	1			1	1			1		4
976																				2											1		1								1
977																				2											1				1						1
980																				2											1				1						1
981															2	2	2				2		2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	13	6	3	7	1	2					5
982																				2											1				1						1
984																				2											1				1						1
985																				2											1				1						1
986																				2	2			2	1						4					1	2		1		3
987																				2		2									2					1	1				2
989																				2											1								1		1
990																				2	2	2									3				1		1	2	2	1	5
991																				2	2	2									3		2					1	1		3
992																				2	2		2	2	1		2				7	1	3	3					1		4
993																	1			2	2	2			2						5	1		1		1		1	1	1	6
994																				2											1								1		1
995																				2		2		2	2					4							2	3		2
996																				2											1								1		1
1000																				2											1			1							1
1011																	1	2													2								1	1	2
1014																	2														1								1		1
1039																				2											1								1		1
1046																				2											1									1	1
1047																				2				2	2					3						2	2	2	1	4
1048																				2											1									1	1
1050																				2				2						2						2	1			2

Cont.

Table 1: Sighting histories of whales seen in the PCFG in at least one year. In year columns, a 1 means the whale was only sighted in the spring (March-May), 2 means it was only seen in June-Nov, and 3 means it was seen in both March-May and June-Nov. The region value is the number of years the whale was seen in that region. Row name is the CRC ID number.

	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
1051																					2	2	1	3		3	2	2	2	2	9	3		2		2	7	3		1	6
1052																					2	2									2	1					2				2
1053																					2			2	2	2					4					2	3				2
1054																					2	3	2	2	3	2	2				7	1					6	5	2		4
1055																					2										1						1				1
1056																					2	2	2								3						3				1
1057																					2										1						1				1
1059																					2	2	2								3	2					1	1			3
1061																					2										1						1				1
1062																					2		2	2							3	3					1				2
1063																					2										1						1				1
1064																					2										1						1				1
1066																					2										1			1							1
1067																					2	2	2	2				2			5						1	2	4	1	4
1070																					2		2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	9	1	6	4							3
1072																					2		2	2		1					4	3					1				2
1076																					2										1	1									1
1082																					2										1	1									1
1083																					2		2	2	2	2		2			6	6		1							2
1084																					2										1	1									1
1085																					2										1	1									1
1086																					2										1	1									1
1087																					2										1	1						1			2
1088																					2										1	1									1
1089																					2	2	2	3	2	2					6	4		1		3		2	1		5
1090																					2										1	1									1
1091																					2										1	1									1
1092																					2										1	1									1
1093																					2										1	1									1
1094																					2										1	1									1
1095																					2		2	2	2	1	2				6	6									1
1096																					2										1	1									1
1097																					2										1	1									1
1098																					2										1	1									1
1099																					2										1	1									1
1100																					2			2	2	2	2		2		6	4	2								2
1101																					2										1	1									1
1102																					2										1	1									1
1103																					2										1	1									1
1104																					2	1									2	2									1
1105																						3	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	9						2	1	6	6	4
1106																						2	3		3						3	3									1
1107																						2		2	3	2	3	3	3	2	8	8									1
1108																						2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2		8	3	1	4					1		4
1110																						2	2		2						3						1	1	1	1	4
1111																						2	2	2	3	2	2			2	7	5	2	1			2	2	2		6
1112																						2									1								1		1
1118																						2	2	2		3	2	2		2	7	3		1			1	3			4
1123																						2									1	1									1
1125																				2	3	2				2	2	2		2	7	2		1			2	3	3	2	6
1126																						2		1							2	1		1							2
1127																						2									1			1					1		2
1130																						2									1								1	1	2
1154																						2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	9	8	2	3							3
1162																						2									1							1			1
1163																						3									1								1		1
1172																									3	3	2	2			4			1			2	1	2	1	5
1173																						2									1								1	1	2
1174																						2									1	1									1

Cont.

Table 1: Sighting histories of whales seen in the PCFG in at least one year. In year columns, a 1 means the whale was only sighted in the spring (March-May), 2 means it was only seen in June-Nov, and 3 means it was seen in both March-May and June-Nov. The region value is the number of years the whale was seen in that region. Row name is the CRC ID number.

	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
1175																						2									1				1						1
1176																						1				3					2						1		1	1	3
1194																						2									1						1				1
1195																						2									1							1			1
1196																						2									1							1			1
1201																						2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	9			1	5		3	1	4	2	6
1206																						2									1	1									1
1208																							2		2	3	2	2			5								5		1
1213																							2								1									1	1
1216																							2		2						2						2				1
1231																									2	2					2	1							2	1	3
1234																							2		2	2	3		2	2	6	4	1	1				1			4
1235																							2								1	1									1
1236																							2	2	2	2					4	2	1	2				1			4
1237																							2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	8	5	2	4							3
1246																								3	3	3	2	3	3		6								6	3	2
1254																							2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	8				1		1	1	7	4	5
1256																							2	3	2	3	2	3	2		7	2	3	3			1		3	2	6
1257																							2								1	1									1
1258																							2	2	2	3	3	2		2	7			4	2		4	1	3	3	6
1288																							2								1									1	1
1303																							3	2	2	3	2	2	2		7				1			2	6	2	4
1304																							2								1	1									1
1305																							2								1	1									1
1306																							2								1	1									1
1307																							2								1	1									1
1309																							2	3	2	2		2	2		6	4	1	1			2				4
1314																							2								1	1									1
1326																							1	3							2						1		1		2
1330																							2	2	2						3						2	1	2	1	4
1346																							2								1	1									1
1347																							2	1							2	1					1				2
1348																							2								1	1									1
1349																							2								1	1									1
1350																							2	2	2	2	2	2			6	3		1			4	3	2	1	6
1352																							2								1	1									1
1355																							2								1						1				1
1357																							3								1	1							1		2
1377																							2								1	1									1
1382									2																						1									1	1
1383									2																						1									1	1
1384									2																2	2		3			4							1	2	2	3
1385										2																					1									1	1
1386										2																					1									1	1
1387								2																							1								1		1
1388								2																							1								1		1
1389										2																					1								1		1
1390										2																					1								1		1
1391										2																					1								1		1
1397																					2										1	1									1
1413																								2				2			2	2									1
1414																								2							1	1									1
1415																								2							1	1									1
1416																								2							1	1									1
1417																								2							1	1									1
1418																								2							1	1									1
1419																								2							1	1									1
1420																								2	2	2	2				4	2		1			1	2			4
1421																								2							1	1									1

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	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
1422																									2						1	1									1
1423																									2						1	1									1
1424																									2	2					2	1							1		2
1425																									2				2		2	1		2							2
1426																									2						1	1									1
1427																									2						1	1									1
1428																									2	2	3	3	2		5	1		3			2	2	3		5
1429																									2						1	1									1
1430																									2	2	3	3			4	1						2	3		3
1431																									2						1	1									1
1451																									2						1	1									1
1452																									2						1	1									1
1453																									2						1	1									1
1454																									2						1	1									1
1455																									2	2	2	2	3		5	3	2	2							3
1456																									2						1	1									1
1464																									2						1						1				1
1465																									2						1						1	1			2
1500	1																								1	2					2	1							1		2
1505																										2					2				2						1
1506																												2	2		2				2						1
1507																									2						1	1									1
1509																									2	2	3	3	3		5	1		1	4	1	1	1	1		7
1510																									2	2	2	2	2		5			5							1
1511																									2	2					2				1	1					2
1512																									2	2	2	2	2	2	6					1	4	5	2		4
1513																										2	3	2	2		4	1		3				1	1		4
1517																									2	2	2	2	2	2	6	2		1		1	2	5	3		6
1519																									2			1	1		3							2		1	2
1521																									2	2	2	3	3	3	6	2		2			3	4	4		5
1523																									3	3	2				3							2	1		2
1528																									2	2	2	2	3		5						1	3	2		3
1547																									2						1						1				1
1551																									2	3	2	2			4	1					4	3	2		4
1554																									2						1						1				1
1555																									2						1						1				1
1556																									3						1						1				1
1557																									2						1						1				1
1558																									2						1						1				1
1559																									2	2	2	3	2		5	2	1	1			1		2	2	6
1563											2																				1						1				1
1567													2																		1							1			1
1568													2																		1							1			1
1569													2																		1							1			1
1571																										2	3	2	3		4						1	4			2
1572																									2						1	1									1
1573																									2						1	1									1
1574																									2	2					2	2								1	2
1576																									2						1						1			1	2
1586																									3	3	2	3	2		5	2	2	1					1		4
1595																									2						1						1				1
1596																									2						1						1	1	1		3
1597																									2						1							1			1
1598																									2	1					2						1	1	1		3
1599																									2						1							1			1
1600																									2						1						1	1	1		3
1601																									2	3	2	3	2		5				1		2	1	4	1	5
1602																									2						1			1			1				2
1603																									2						1	1						1	1	1	4

Cont.

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	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
1604																										2	2	3	2		4	1					3	1	1		4
1607																										2					1	1								1
1610																										2		2			2						2		1		2
1616																										2					1								1		1
1617																										2					1								1		1
1618																										2					1								1		1
1619																										2	3	3	2		4							1	3	2	3
1620																										2					1								1		1
1621																										2					1								1		1
1622																										2	3	2	2		4						2	1	3	1	4
1623																										2	3	3			3							1	3	1	3
1625																										2	2				2							1	2		2
1639																										2	2	2	3	3	5	1			1		1		4	1	4
1646																										2	3	2			3			2			2	1			3
1647																										2	3	2	1		4							3	2		2
1648																										2	3	3	2		4						3		4	1	3
1649																										2					1								1	1	2
1650																										2					1	1			1						2
1651																										2					1								1		1
1652																										2	3	3	2	2	5	1			1		1		4	1	5
1653																										2					1								1		1
1654																										3	2	3	2	2	5	1			1				4	2	4
1655																										2	2				2							2			1
1665																										2					1								1		1
1671																										3					1	1							1		2
1674																										2					1								1		1
1681																										2		3			2						1		1	1	3
1684																										2					1								1		1
1692																										2					1								1		1
1693																										2		2			2						1		1	1	4
1702																										3					1	1									1
1705																										3					1	1									1
1706																										2					1	1									1
1707																										2					1								1		1
1717																										2					1					1					1
1718																										2	2	2	2	2	5				3		1	2	1		4
1720																										2	2		2	2	4	1			3						2
1721																										2					1				1						1
1723																										1	2	2	2	2	5			4	2						2
1735																										2					1									1	1
1736																											2	2	2		3						1	2	2		3
1737																											2				1						1				1
1738																											2				1						1				1
1739																											2	2	2		3						1	1	1	1	4
1740																											2				1							1			1
1741																											2	2	2	2	4	1			4		1				3
1751																												3	2	2	3	2	2	1						3
1752																												2	1	2	3	2		1						2
1753																											2	3	3	2	4	3	1	1					1	4
1754																												2	2	2	3	1	1	1						3
1757																												2	2	2	3				2		1	1			3
1758																													3	2	2						1	1		1	3
1766																										2	2	2	3	2	5	4	3	1					1		4
1767																											2				1	1									1
1768																											2				1	1		1						2
1778																											2				1	1								1
1779																											2	1	2	2	4	2		2						2
1780																											2				1	1		1						2
1782																											2		2		2	1		1						2

Table 1: Sighting histories of whales seen in the PCFG in at least one year. In year columns, a 1 means the whale was only sighted in the spring (March-May), 2 means it was only seen in June-Nov, and 3 means it was seen in both March-May and June-Nov. The region value is the number of years the whale was seen in that region. Row name is the CRC ID number.

CRC ID	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
1783																													2		1	1									1
1784																													2		1			1							1
1785																													2		1			1							1
1787																													2		1			1							1
1788																													2		1			1							1
1789																													2		1			1							1
1790																													2		1			1							1
1798																													2		1							1		1
1799																													2		1							1		1
1801																											2	2	2	2	4					1	1	3	1		4
1802																											2	2	2	2	4					1	2	1	1		4
1806																											2	3			2							2	1		2
1808																													2		1					1	1	1		3
1814																													2		1						1	1		2
1819																												2	3		2			2		1		1	1	4
1822																											2	2	3	2	4	1		1			1	1	1	1	6
1829																													2		1							1		1
1830																											3	2	2	2	4					1	2	1	1	1	5
1831																													2		1						1			1
1832																													2		1						1			1
1833																													2		1						1			1
1834																													2		1					1	1			2
1837																	2												2		2						1	1			2
1838																											2	3	2		3					2	1	1			3
1839																													2		1					1				1
1840																													3		1						1	1		2
1841																													2		1						1			1
1842																													2		1						1			1
1843																													2		1						1			1
1845																													2		1				1					1
1846																													2		1				1					1
1847																													2		1				1					1
1848																													2		1				1					1
1849																													2		1			1	1					2
1850																												2	2		2				2					1
1852																													2		1									
1853																												2	2		2				1		1			2
1854																													2		1						1			1
1855																													2		1						1			1
1856																													2		1						1			1
1857																													2		1						1			1
1858																													2		1						1			1
1859																												2	2		2					2	1		2
1860																													2		1						1			1
1861																													2		1							1		1
1862																												2	1		2						2		1
1863																											2	3	2		3					1	1	2	1		4
1864																											2	3			2						1	1	2		3
1865																													2		1							1		1
1866																													2		1							1		1
1867																													2		1							1		1
1868																											3	3			2							2	1		2
1869																													2		1							1		1
1897																													2		1							1		1
1898																													2		1				1			1		2
1899																													2		1								1	1
1900																													2		1								1	1
1901																												2	2		2						1	1	2
1902																												2	2		2			1	1	1			3

Cont.

Table 1: Sighting histories of whales seen in the PCFG in at least one year. In year columns, a 1 means the whale was only sighted in the spring (March-May), 2 means it was only seen in June-Nov, and 3 means it was seen in both March-May and June-Nov. The region value is the number of years the whale was seen in that region. Row name is the CRC ID number.

	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	#years	NCA	SOR	OR	GH+	NWA	SJF	SVI	WVI	NBC	#areas
1903																												3	2	2	3			2	2		1				3
1904																													2		1			1	1						2
1905																													2		1								1		1
2171																													2	2	2	1		1							2
2182																													2		1			1							1
2183																													2		1			1							1
2184																													2		1			1							1
2185																													3		1							1	1		2
2186																													2		1							1			1
2187																													2		1							1			1
2188																													2		1							1			1
2189																													3		1							1			1
2190																													2		1							1			1
2191																													2	2	2	1	1								2
2192																													2	2	2				2						1
2193																													2		1				1						1
2195																													3		1							1	1		2
2196																													2		1							1			1
2197																													2	2	2					2					1
2198																													2		1							1	1		2
2199																													2		1						1				1
2202																													2		1						1				1
2214																													3		1				1				1		2
2218																													2		1				1						1
2219																													2	2	2				2						1
2220																													2		1					1					1
2221																													3	2	2	3	2		1				1		3
2222																													2		1			1							1
2223																													2		1			1							1
2224																													2	2	2				2						1
2225																													2		1				1						1
2226																													2		1						1				1
2227																													2		1								1		1
2230																													2		1				1						1
2231																													2		1						1				1
2232																													2		1						1				1
2233																													2		1						1				1
2235																													2		1	1									1
2236																													2		1	1									1
2237																													2		1						1				1
2238																													2		1						1				1
2239																													2		1						1	1			2
2241																													2		1				1						1
2242																													2		1						1	1			2
2243																													2		1									1	1
2244																													2		1						1				1
2245																													2		1						1				1

Table 2: Sighting histories of whales seen in the MUA during 1 June - 30 November in at least one year. 1: whale sighted in PCFG but not in the MUA during that year, 2: only seen in MUA that year, and 3: seen in both MUA and another PCFG area. Row name is the CRC ID number.

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
6				1		1	1		1			1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1			
14					1	3	1		1													
15	1	3	3	1	1	1	1		1	1	1											
30	1		3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1		1	1	1
37	1		3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		2		3	1	1	1	1		2	
41	3		3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2		1	2	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	
42	1		3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3								
43	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	3	1													
67	2	2		3			1		3	2	2					2	3	1	3	1		
68	2	2																				
76			1			3	1	3	1	3												
79	1		3	3	1	1	1	1	3	3												
80	3		3	3	1	1	1	1	3													
81		2	3	3	1	3	1	1	1	1	3	1		1					1			2
83	3	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	1				1									
84		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	1	1
85			3	1																		
86			1	1	1		1	1	1		1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	3
87	2		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1
88	2																					
89			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1
91	1	1	3		1	1	1	1		1		1	1			1			1	3	1	1
92	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	1	3	2
93	1	1	3	1	1	1	3	1	3		1		1	1		1	3	1	1	1	1	1
94			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	1	1	1	3	3	3	1	1
101	1		3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	3	2
105			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3										
107		3	3		1	3	2	3	1	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	1	1
120						3	1		1						1							
123	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3
127		2	1	1	1	3	1	1		1		1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
130		1	1		1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	1	1	1	3			1	3
135			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3
136	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
140		1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1		1		1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	3
141		3	1	3		1	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	1				1	1		1	3
145	3		1	1	1	1			1	1	3											
166	2	2	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1		3	1	1				1	3	1	1
169						2	1	1	1	3	2	1	3	1	1	1	3	1		1	1	1
174	2	3	2																			
175	2	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3										
177		2	1	3																		
178	2	2	1	1	1	1		1	1	3	1	3	2	2		3		3	2	1	2	2
180		2																				
185	3	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	1	1	
186	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
187	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1				1		1							
191						1		3	1	1	1											
192	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	3	3	1	3	1	3	3	1	1	3
196						1		1	1		1	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	1	1
204			1	1	3	1	1	1			3	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	1
205	2	2		2	2	2	1	3					3	3	1				1			
207														2								
209	1	2	3																			
210	2																					
212	2	2	1	1		1	1		1													
215		1					1	2	1			1			1							
216		2	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	3												
217		2																				
218		2																				
219		2	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	3	3	1	1	3	3	1	1	1	1
220		2																				
226			1	1	1	3	1			1	3				1					3		2
227			1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1		1	1	1	1	1	1	2
228			2																			
229		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1											2	
231			1	1			1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	2			2
232			1		1	1		1								1			1	2		
239			2																			
242			3	3	3	3	1		1	1	3	2	3	1				1		3		
244		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	2	3
249			2																			
250			2																			
251			2																			
252			2																			
253			2																			
254	1		1	1	1	1	1			1		1		1	1	3	3	1	1	1		2
255			2																			
261							1		1							1		1	3			
265									2													
267			2																			
268			2																			
272			2																			
280			1				1	1			1		1		1	1	3	1	3	1	1	1
291			1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	2		1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
295			1			1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Cont.

Table 2: Sighting histories of whales seen in the MUA during 1 June - 30 November in at least one year. 1: whale sighted in PCFG but not in the MUA during that year, 2: only seen in MUA that year, and 3: seen in both MUA and another PCFG area. Row name is the CRC ID number.

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
296			1	1	2	2	3	3	1		3	3	2			1	1	3	1	2	1	1
297			1	1		1	2			1	1		1	1		1	1		1	1	1	
301			1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3												
302			1	1	1		1	1	1	1	3	1	3		3	3	3	3	1			
303			1	1		1	1	1	1		2	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
304			2																			
308		1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	3	1	3				1	1			1	1
309			1	1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1		3
311			1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	2
317			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3		1	3	1	1	1	1	2
319			1	3	3	1	1	1			3		3	1	1	1	1	1			1	
327		1	1		1	1		1	1	1	1		1				1	3		1		
328		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		3	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	
355				2																		
364			1		1			1		1		1		3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
366			1			1	1								1	1	1	3	1	1	2	
372			1	3			1	1	1	1	3	1		3	3	1	3	3	2	3	3	3
392			1			1	1	3	1			1										
396					3	3	3	3	1		3		3	3	3	3	3		1	3		
464					1		1						1	1	1	3	1	1		1		
507					1	3																
508					3																	
510					2	2	3	1	1		1	1	3	1	3	1	3	3	3	3	1	2
515					3	3	1															
516					2																	
525					1	1	1		1	1	1	1	3	1	3		1	1	1	1		
532					3	2	1	1	1	2	3		3	1	1	3	3	3	3		3	1
537					1			1				1	1	1	1	3	1	1				1
542					2		1															
551					1		1		1					1	3	1	1	1	1		3	1
554		1			1	1	1	1	1		2	1	3	3	1	1			1	1	1	2
561					1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	3	3	1				
567						3	1	3														
576						3																
583						1	1	1		1	1	1	3	3	1	1	1	1		1	3	1
592						3																
595						3																
596						3	1															
602						2																
603						2																
604						2		1								1						
605						3	3	2	2													
607						2	3															
608						2																
610						2																
612					1	1	1	1	1	1							3	3	2	2	2	
637							1	1	1	1	1						1	3				
641						1	1	3														
643						1	1	1		1			1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1		3
659							1		1				1	1	1	1	3		1		1	
668							1		1			1					2		1	2		
682							1	1	2	1	3	1	3	3	1	3	1	3	3	3	1	3
687							1			1	2	1	1	1	1							
688							1	1	1	1	3	1	3		1	3	1	3			3	1
696							3	3	3	3	2		3	3	3	3	3	1				
698							1	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	1
701							1		1		3	3							1			
712							1	1		1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1			
714							1				3	1	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	1	3	3
718						1	1	1	1	1		1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1			
719							1	1		1	1		3	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1
720							1	3	3	1	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	3
759			1				1	1	1		1		3	2	2		1	1		1		
780													1	1	1	3	1	1	1		1	
782								2	1		2											
785								3	3	2												
786							1	1	1	1	3	1	3	1		1	1	3	3	3	3	2
787							1	3	2	2	1	3			1	3	1	1	3	3	1	
788							3		2													
789							1		1	3		3	3	3	1	3	3					
791							1	1	1				1	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1
797							1	1	1	1	1	3	1							1	1	
800							1	1	3													
813							3	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	1	3
818							1	1	3													
819							3	2	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	3	1					
823							3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	1	3		3		3
824							3	3			3	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	1		1	3
826							1	1	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	3	3
827																1		2				
840								1				1	3	1	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	
842								2	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	3	3		1			3
847									2													
850								2		2		1										
851								1		2	2	2	1	3	1	1	3	1	1			
854								2			1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1		

Cont.

Table 2: Sighting histories of whales seen in the MUA during 1 June - 30 November in at least one year. 1: whale sighted in PCFG but not in the MUA during that year, 2: only seen in MUA that year, and 3: seen in both MUA and another PCFG area. Row name is the CRC ID number.

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
858									2	3												
860								2	3	1	2	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	1	3
864										3												
866										2	3		2		2	1						
872										3	2		1					3		3		
877										1	1	2	1	2								
878										3	3	2	3	3	1	3		3	1	1	1	3
880										1	3											
881									2													
882										1	3	3	3	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	
884									2													
932											3	2	3	3		1						
935											2											
959																2	2					
974												1								1		2
981							1	1	1			1		1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1
986												1	1				2					
987												1		2								
990												1	2	3								
991												1	1	3								
993												1			1		2			1		
1047													3				3	3				
1050													2				2					
1051													3	3		2	1	3	2		3	1
1052													3	2								
1053													2				2	2	2			
1054													2	3	1	3	3	3	3			
1055													2									
1056													2	2	2							
1057													2									
1059													2	3	1							
1061													2									
1062													3		1	1						
1063													2									
1064													2									
1067													2	3	1	1					1	
1087													3									
1089													1	2	2	1	3	1				
1105														3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3
1110															2	1	1					
1111															1	1	1	3	3	1		1
1118														1	1	1		1	1	2		1
1125												2		3	1			3	3	1		1
1162														2								
1172																	3	2	1	1		
1176																	2					
1194														2								
1195														2								
1196														2								
1201													1		1	1	3	3	2	1	1	1
1216															2		2					
1254															1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1
1256															1		3	1	1	1	1	1
1258															1	1	3	3	3	1		3
1303																1	1	1	3	1	3	1
1309																1	1	1	1		1	2
1326																	2					
1330																3	2	1				
1350																3	1	3	3	2	1	
1355																2						
1420																	1	1	3	2		
1428																	1	1	3	3	1	
1464																	2					
1465																	3					
1509																		1	1	2	1	1
1511																	1	2				
1512																	1	3	3	3	1	3
1517																	1	1	3	3	1	3
1521																	3	3	3	1	1	1
1528																	1	1	3	1	1	
1547																	2					
1551																	3	3	3	3		
1554																	2					
1555																	2					
1556																	2					
1557																	2					
1558																	2					
1559																	3	1	1	1	1	
1563			2																			
1571																	1	1	1	2		
1576																	3					
1595																	2					
1596																	3					
1597																	2					
1598																	3					
1599																	2					

Cont.

Table 2: Sighting histories of whales seen in the MUA during 1 June - 30 November in at least one year. 1: whale sighted in PCFG but not in the MUA during that year, 2: only seen in MUA that year, and 3: seen in both MUA and another PCFG area. Row name is the CRC ID number.

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1600																		3				
1601																		3	3	1	1	1
1602																		3				
1603																		3				
1604																		3	2	1	2	
1610																		3	2			
1619																		1	3	1	1	
1622																		3	3	1	1	
1625																		1	3			
1639																		1	1	1	3	1
1646																		3	3	1		
1648																		1	3	3	3	
1652																		1	1	1	1	3
1681																		1	2			
1693																		3	1			
1718																		1	3	2	1	1
1736																			1	2	3	
1737																			2			
1738																			2			
1739																			3	1	2	
1741																			3	1	1	1
1757																			3	1	2	
1758																				1	2	
1802																			3	1	1	1
1808																			3			
1814																			3			
1822																			1	1	1	2
1830																			2	1	1	1
1831																			2			
1832																			2			
1833																			2			
1834																			3			
1837										2												2
1838																				2	1	1
1839																				2		
1841																				2		
1842																				2		
1843																				2		
1864																				3	3	
1898																				3		
1902																				3		1
1905																				2		
2195																					3	
2196																					2	
2197																					2	2
2198																					3	
2199																					2	
2202																					2	
2226																						2
2231																						2
2232																						2
2233																						2
2237																						2
2238																						2
2239																						2
2242																						2
2244																						2
2245																						2